



HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System

Automation Protocol For Ion Torrent Sequencing



Protocol

Version C0, December 2015

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procedures.**



Agilent Technologies

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In this Guide...

This guide describes an optimized automation protocol for using the HaloPlex HS target enrichment system to prepare sequencing library samples for multiplexed sequencing on the Ion Torrent platform. Sample processing steps are automated using the Agilent NGS Bravo Option A.

1 Before You Begin

This chapter contains information (such as procedural notes, safety information, required reagents and equipment) that you should read and understand before you start an experiment.

2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

This chapter contains an orientation to the Agilent NGS Bravo Option A, an overview of the HaloPlex HS target enrichment protocol, and considerations for designing HaloPlex HS experiments for automated processing using the Agilent NGS Bravo Option A.

3 Sample Preparation

This chapter describes the steps of the automated HaloPlex HS workflow to prepare target-enriched sequencing libraries for the Ion Torrent platform.

4 Reference

This chapter contains reference information, including component kit contents and index sequences.

5 Appendix: Provisional Adapter-Dimer Removal Protocol

This chapter describes a protocol used to remove adaptor-dimers that may be observed for some designs.

What's New in Version C0

- Support for ClearSeq AML HS kits (see [Table 2](#) on page 12 and [Table 26](#) on page 82)
- New section "DNA Sample Quality and Quantity Considerations" on page 31
- Updates to format of DNA sample preparation instructions (see [page 35](#))
- Correction to thawing conditions for HS Ligation Solution (see [step 12](#) on [page 52](#))
- Support for Agilent 4200 TapeStation (see [Table 4](#) on page 14)
- Correction to ordering information for Axygen 96 Deep Well plates (see [Table 3](#) on page 13)
- Revised ordering information for nucleic acid surface decontamination wipes ([Table 3](#) on page 13)

What's New in Version B0

- Updated product labeling statement

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3 Sample Preparation

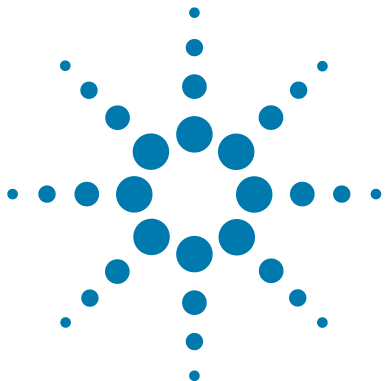
- Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes 34
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- Nucleotide Sequences of HaloPlex ION Indexes 85

5 Appendix: Provisional Adapter-Dimer Removal Protocol

- Purify the enriched library pool using AMPure XP beads 88



1 Before You Begin

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Make sure you read and understand the information in this chapter and have the necessary equipment and reagents listed before you start an experiment.



Procedural Notes

- The 96 reaction kit contains enough reagents to prepare master mixes for four runs of 3 columns of samples (24 samples) per run. When processing samples using runs with fewer than 24 samples, some reagents may be depleted before 96 samples are run.
- The HaloPlex HS protocol is optimized for digestion of 50 ng of genomic DNA (split among 8 different restriction digestion reactions) plus excess DNA for pipetting losses. Using lower amounts of DNA in the enrichment protocol can adversely affect your results. Use a fluorometry-based DNA quantitation method, such as PicoGreen stain or Qubit fluorometry to quantify the DNA starting material.
- Possible stopping points, where DNA samples may be stored between steps, are marked in the protocol. Store the samples at -20°C , but do not subject the samples to multiple freeze/thaw cycles.
- Ensure that master mixes are thoroughly mixed, by pipetting up-and-down or by gentle vortexing, before distributing to the samples.
- In general, follow Biosafety Level 1 (BL1) safety rules.

Safety Notes

CAUTION

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when working in the laboratory.
-

Required Reagents

Table 1 Required Reagents for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

Description	Vendor and part number
HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System Kit	Select the appropriate kit for your probe design from Table 2
Nuclease-free Water (not DEPC-treated)	Ambion Cat #AM9930
Agencourt AMPure XP Kit	Beckman Coulter Genomics
5 ml	p/n A63880
60 ml	p/n A63881
Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1	Life Technologies
2 mL	p/n 65601
10 mL	p/n 65602
100 mL	p/n 65603
10 M NaOH, molecular biology grade	Sigma, p/n 72068
10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.5	General laboratory supplier
100% Ethanol, molecular biology grade	Sigma-Aldrich p/n E7023
Quant-iT dsDNA BR Assay Kit, for use with the Qubit fluorometer	
100 assays, 2-1000 ng	Life Technologies p/n Q32850
500 assays, 2-1000 ng	Life Technologies p/n Q32853

Before ordering a HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System Reagent Kit, use Agilent's SureDesign tool at www.agilent.com/genomics/suredesign to design a custom HaloPlex HS probe or to select a pre-designed ClearSeq HS disease research probe. Reagent kit ordering information is supplied as part of the SureDesign process and is summarized in [Table 2](#) below.

Table 2 HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System Kits for Ion Torrent Sequencing

HaloPlex HS Probe Design	Part Number	
	96 Reactions	48 Reactions
Custom Panel Tier 1 [*] , ION	G9932B	G9932C
Custom Panel Tier 2 [†] , ION	G9942B	G9942C
ClearSeq Cancer HS, ION	G9934B	—
ClearSeq AML HS, ION	G9964B	—
ClearSeq Cardiomyopathy HS, ION	G9944B	—
ClearSeq ICCG HS, ION	G9954B [‡]	G9954C [‡]
ClearSeq Connective Disorder HS, ION	G9954B [‡]	G9954C [‡]
ClearSeq Arrhythmia HS, ION	G9954B [‡]	G9954C [‡]
ClearSeq Noonan Syndrome HS, ION	G9954B [‡]	G9954C [‡]

* Tier 1 designs are 1-250 kb and up to 20,000 probes.

† Tier 2 designs are 251 kb –2.5 Mb OR 1–250 kb with >20,000 probes.

‡ Select the appropriate made-to-order probe option in SureDesign.

NOTE

Kits contain enough reagents for 96 or 48 reactions total, including one or more control reactions using Enrichment Control DNA (ECD) samples. Each run of up to 96 samples should include one ECD control enrichment reaction.

Required Equipment

Table 3 Required Equipment for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment Automated Protocols

Description	Vendor and part number
Agilent NGS Bravo Option A [†] with VWorks software version 11.3.0.1195	Contact Agilent Automation Solutions for ordering information: Customerservice.automation@agilent.com
PlateLoc Thermal Microplate Sealer with Small Hotplate	Agilent p/n G5402#226
Robotic Pipetting Tips (Sterile, Filtered, 250 µL)	Agilent p/n 19477-022
Thermal Cycler	Agilent SureCycler 8800, p/n G8800A, 96 well plate module, p/n G8810A, and 384 well plate module, p/n G8820A, or equivalent thermal cycler [†] and accessories
Eppendorf twin.tec full-skirted 96-well PCR plates	Eppendorf p/n 951020401 or 951020619
Eppendorf twin.tec full-skirted 384-well PCR plates*	Eppendorf p/n 951020702
Eppendorf twin.tec half-skirted 96-well PCR plates [‡]	Eppendorf p/n 951020303
Thermo Scientific Reservoirs	Thermo Scientific p/n 1064156
Nunc DeepWell Plates, sterile, 1.3-ml well volume	Thermo Scientific p/n 260251
Axygen 96 Deep Well Plate, 2 mL, Square Well (waste reservoirs; working volume 2.2 mL)	Axygen p/n P-2ML-SQ-C E & K Scientific p/n EK-2440
Magnetic separator** 1.5 ml tube-compatible separator or Conical vial-compatible separator	Life Technologies DynaMag-2 magnet, p/n 12321D or equivalent DynaMag-15 magnet, p/n 12301D or equivalent
Benchtop microcentrifuge	VWR p/n 93000-196, or equivalent
Benchtop plate centrifuge	Labnet International MPS1000 Mini Plate Spinner p/n C1000, or equivalent
P10, P20, P200 and P1000 pipettes	Pipetman P10, P20, P200, P1000 or equivalent
Nucleic acid surface decontamination wipes	DNA Away Surface Decontaminant Wipes, Thermo Scientific p/n 7008, or equivalent
Qubit 2.0 Fluorometer	Life Technologies p/n Q32866
Qubit assay tubes	Life Technologies p/n Q32856
Vortex mixer	General laboratory supplier

* Protocols are also compatible with Agilent NGS Workstation Option B. See [page 15](#) for more information.

† Thermal cycler must have a maximum reaction volume specification of at least 100 µL and be compatible with 0.2 ml tubes.

‡ Compatible with Agilent SureCycler 8800.

**Select the appropriate device based on run size. See [page 59](#) to determine magnetic bead volume to be used for your run size.

Optional Validation Reagents and Equipment

Table 4 Reagents and Equipment for Optional Validation Methods

Description	Vendor and part number
TapeStation Platform	
2200 TapeStation OR	Agilent p/n G2964AA or G2965AA
4200 TapeStation	Agilent p/n G2991AA
TapeStation Consumables	
High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape	Agilent p/n 5067-5584
High Sensitivity D1000 Reagents	Agilent p/n 5067-5585
2100 Bioanalyzer Platform and Consumables	
2100 Bioanalyzer Laptop Bundle	Agilent p/n G2943CA
2100 Bioanalyzer Electrophoresis Set	Agilent p/n G2947CA
High Sensitivity DNA Kit	Agilent p/n 5067-4626
Gel Electrophoresis Platform and Consumables	
XCell SureLock Mini-cell	Life Technologies p/n EI0001
Novex 6% Polyacrylamide, TBE Pre-cast Gels	Life Technologies p/n EC62655BOX
Novex TBE Running Buffer, 5X	Life Technologies p/n LC6675
Novex High-density TBE Sample Buffer, 5X	Life Technologies p/n LC6678
GelRed Nucleic Acid Stain, 3X in water	Biotium p/n 41001
DNA molecular weight markers	General laboratory supplier
UV-transilluminator	General laboratory supplier

Using the Agilent NGS Workstation Option B for HaloPlex HS Automation

The detailed protocols in the following chapters are for the Agilent NGS Workstation Option A, but HaloPlex HS target enrichment protocols are also compatible with the Agilent NGS Workstation Option B. Depending on the configuration of the system purchased, however, additional adapters may be required. Before initiating experiments, see [Table 5](#) below, and verify that the listed adapters are available for your workstation.

Table 5 Adapter checklist for HaloPlex HS automation using Agilent NGS Workstation Option B

Adapter Description	Quantity Required for HaloPlex HS Automation	Agilent part number (single adapter)
384-well plate insert	2	G5498B#60
96-well PCR plate insert (red) [*]	2	G5498B#13

* If your NGS Workstation Option B system is already equipped with one red insert, purchase one additional insert using the ordering information shown.



2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

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This chapter contains an orientation to the Agilent NGS Bravo (Option A), an overview of the HaloPlex HS target enrichment protocol, and considerations for designing HaloPlex HS experiments for automated processing using the Agilent NGS Bravo.



About the Agilent NGS Bravo Option A

About the Bravo Platform

The Bravo platform is a versatile liquid handler with a nine plate-location platform deck, suitable for handling 96-well, 384-well, and 1536-well plates. The Bravo platform is controlled by the VWorks Automation Control software. Fitted with a choice of seven interchangeable fixed-tip or disposable-tip pipette heads, it accurately dispenses fluids from 0.1 μL to 250 μL .

CAUTION

Before you begin, make sure that you have read and understand operating, maintenance and safety instructions for using your Bravo platform. Refer to the *Bravo Platform User Guide* (G5409-90006) and the *VWorks Software User Guide* (G5415-90063).

Bravo Platform Deck

The protocols in the following sections include instructions for placing plates and reagent reservoirs on specific Bravo deck locations. Use [Figure 1](#) to familiarize yourself with the location numbering convention on the Bravo platform deck.

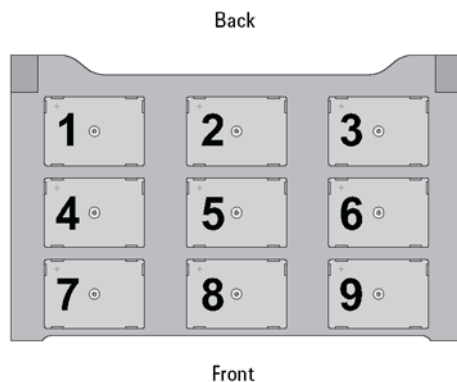


Figure 1 Bravo platform deck

Setting the Temperature of Bravo Deck Heat Blocks

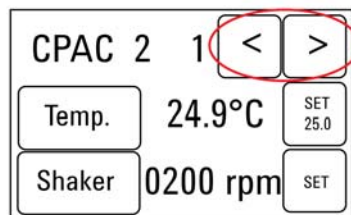
Bravo deck positions 4 and 6 are equipped with Inheco heat blocks, used to incubate sample plates at defined temperatures during the run. Runs that include low-temperature (4°C) or high-temperature (54°C) incubation steps may be expedited by pre-setting the temperature of the affected block before starting the run.

Bravo deck heat block temperatures may be changed using the Inheco Multi TEC Control device touchscreen as described in the steps below. See [Table 6](#) for designations of the heat block-containing Bravo deck positions on the Multi TEC control device.

Table 6 Inheco Multi TEC Control touchscreen designations

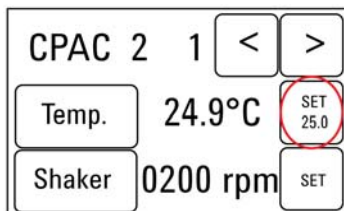
Bravo Deck Position	Designation on Inheco Multi TEC Control Screen
4	CPAC 2 1
6	CPAC 2 2

- Using the arrow buttons, select the appropriate block (CPAC 2 block 1 or CPAC 2 block 2).

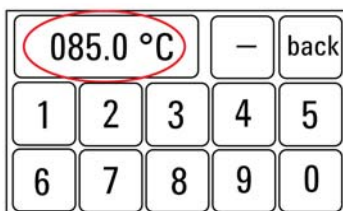


2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment About the Bravo Platform

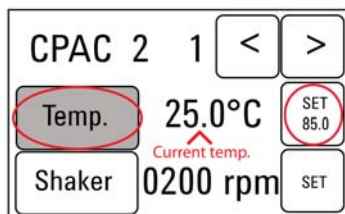
- 2 To set the temperature of the selected block, press the SET button.



- 3 Using the numeral pad, enter the desired temperature. The entered temperature appears in the top, left rectangle. Once the correct temperature is displayed, press the rectangle to enter the temperature.



- 4 Press the Temp button until the new temperature is displayed on the SET button and until the Temp button is darkened, indicating that the selected heat block is heating or cooling to the new temperature setting. The current temperature of the block is indicated in the center of the display.



VWorks Automation Control Software

VWorks software, included with your Agilent NGS Bravo, allows you to control the robot and integrated devices using a PC. The Agilent NGS Bravo Option A is preloaded with VWorks software containing all of the necessary HaloPlex HS system liquid handling protocols. General instructions for starting up the VWorks software and the included protocols is provided below. Each time a specific VWorks protocol is used in the HaloPlex HS procedure, any settings required for that protocol are included in the relevant section of this manual.

NOTE

The instructions in this manual are compatible with VWorks software version 11.3.0.1195. If you have questions about VWorks version compatibility, please contact service.automation@agilent.com.

Logging in to the VWorks software

- 1 Double-click the VWorks icon or the HaloPlex_HS.VWForm shortcut on the Windows desktop to start the VWorks software.



- 2 If User Authentication dialog is not visible, click **Log in** on the VWorks window toolbar.
- 3 In the User Authentication dialog, type your VWorks user name and password, and click **OK**. (If no user account is set up, contact the administrator.)

2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

VWorks Automation Control Software

Using the HaloPlex_HS.VWForm to setup and start a run

Use the VWorks form HaloPlex_HS.VWForm, shown below, to set up and start each HaloPlex HS automation protocol.

- 1 Open the form using the shortcut on your desktop.
- 2 Use the drop-down menus on the form to select the appropriate HaloPlex HS workflow step and number of columns of samples for the run.
- 3 Once all run parameters have been specified on the form, click **Update layout and information**.

NOTE

The displayed protocol will not run unless the **Update layout and information** button has been clicked.

- 4 The **Bravo Deck Setup** region of the form will then display the required placement of reaction components and labware on the NGS Bravo deck for the specified run parameters.

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HaloPlex

HaloPlex HS Automation

Parameters

1) Step

2) Number of columns of samples

3)

4) Update current tip state

Status

Elapsed Time: 00:00:07

Bravo Deck Setup

	New tip box	
DNA in 96 Eppendorf twin.tec plate on red insert 4°C		Empty 384 Eppendorf twin.tec plate on 384 insert 4°C
	Empty tip box	RE Master Mixes in 96 Eppen. twin.tec plate on red insert 0°C

Current Tip State

Select columns of unused tips (Box 2)

Select columns of used tips (Box 8)

Reference

Controls

Information

Positions 4 and 6 can be pre-chilled to 4°C

Position 9 can be pre-chilled to 0°C

Advanced Settings

Enable audio alerts

Ignore all incubation times (testing only)

C:\VWorks Workspace\NGSOption A\HaloPlex_HS\Protocol Files\01 Digestion_v10.pro v2.0

- Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form (shown below) matches the configuration of unused tips in the tip box at Bravo Deck position 2.

For a fresh tip box, containing 12 columns of tips, all positions of the **Current Tip State** unused tip indicator (top portion, Box 2) should be selected, as shown below. Clicking **Reset** selects all columns for position 2.

Current Tip State

Select columns of unused tips (Box 2)

Select columns of used tips (Box 8)

Reset Clear

Also verify that the used tip indicator (bottom portion, Box 8) matches the configuration of used tips in the tip box at Bravo Deck position 8.

For an empty tip box, all positions of the **Current Tip State** used tip indicator (bottom portion, Box 8) should be cleared, as shown above. Clicking **Reset** clears all columns for position 8.

NOTE

It is important that the **Current Tip State** indicator matches the configuration of tips present at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8 when initiating the run. Tips that are inappropriately loaded onto the Bravo platform pipette head, or tips missing from the pipette head, will interfere with automated processing steps.

You can use partial tip boxes for HaloPlex HS automation protocols, as long as positions of available tips are accurately indicated during run setup.

- After verifying that the NGS Bravo has been set up correctly, click **Start** in the **Controls** section of the form to begin the run. Do not use the Start button on the VWorks Control Toolbar; runs must be initiated using the start button on the HaloPlex_HS.VWForm, shown below.



Controls

Start Pause Screen

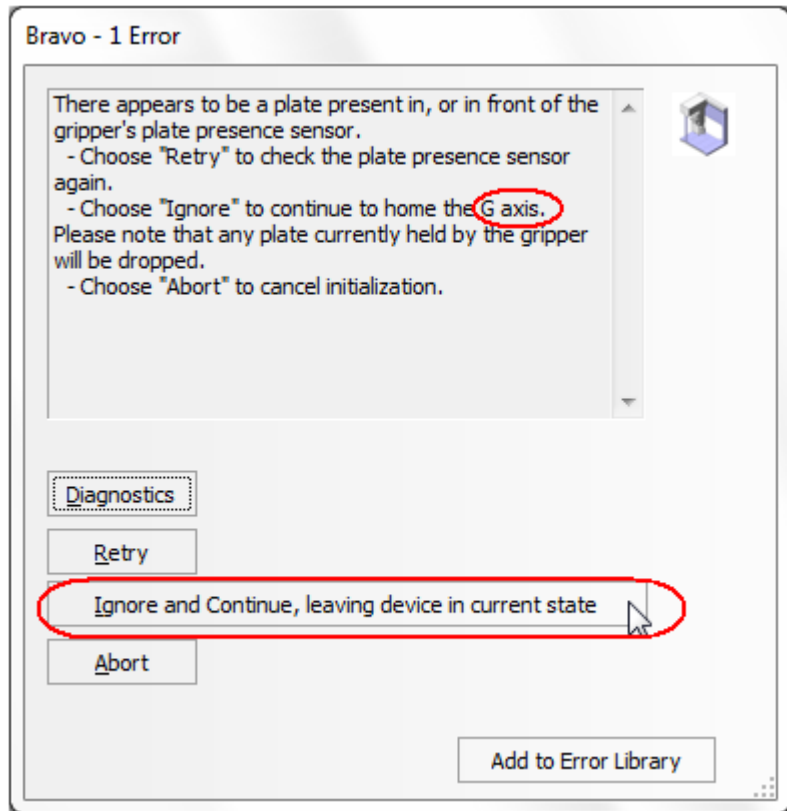
2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

VWorks Automation Control Software

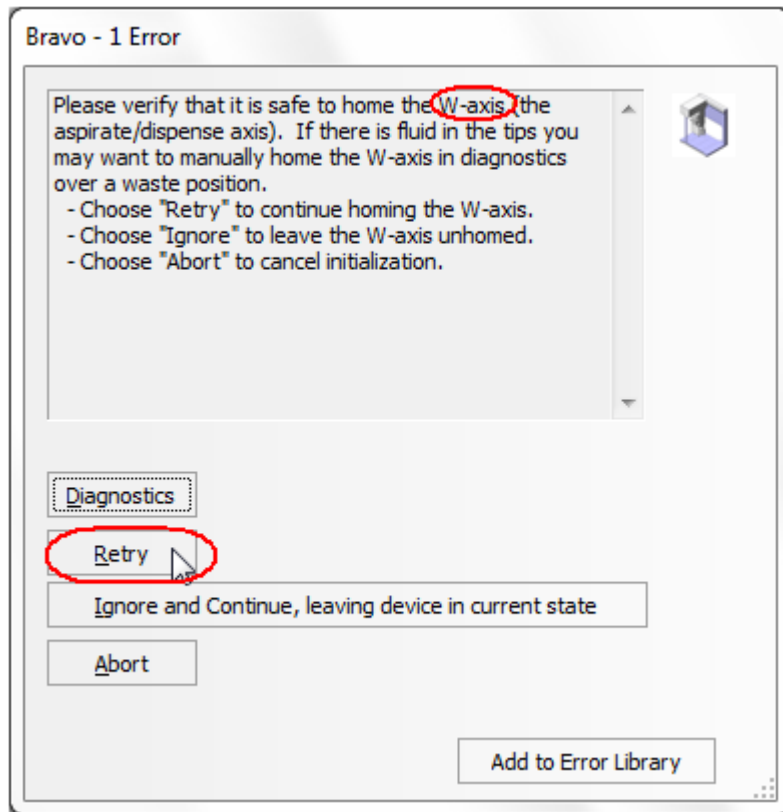
Error messages encountered at start of run

After starting the run, you may see the error messages displayed below. When encountered, make the indicated selections and proceed with the run. Encountering either or both of these error messages is not indicative of a problem with the NGS Bravo or your run setup.

- 1 If you encounter the G-axis error message shown below, select **Ignore and Continue, leaving device in current state**.



- 2 If you encounter the W-axis error message shown below, select **Retry**.



2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

VWorks Automation Control Software

Verifying the Simulation setting

VWorks software may be run in simulation mode, during which commands entered on screen are not completed by the NGS Bravo. If NGS Bravo devices do not respond when you start a run, verify the simulation mode status in VWorks using the following steps.

- 1 Verify that **Simulation is off** is displayed on the status indicator (accessible by clicking **View > Control Toolbar**).



- 2 If the indicator displays **Simulation is on**, click the status indicator button to turn off the simulation mode.

NOTE

If you cannot see the toolbar above the HaloPlex HS. VWorks form, click **Screen** in the **Controls** section of the form to exit full screen mode. If the toolbar is still not visible, right-click on the form and then select **Control Toolbar** from the menu.

Overview of the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment Procedure

[Figure 2](#) summarizes the HaloPlex HS target enrichment workflow for Ion Torrent sequencing. For each sample to be sequenced, individual HaloPlex HS-enriched, indexed libraries are prepared. Indexing using 16 distinct sequences allows pooling of up to 16 samples per sequencing chip.

[Table 7](#) summarizes how the VWorks automation protocols are integrated into the HaloPlex HS workflow. See the [Sample Preparation](#) chapter for complete instructions for use of the VWorks protocols for sample processing.

Table 7 Overview of VWorks protocols used during the workflow

Workflow Step	VWorks Protocol used for Automation
Digest genomic DNA	Digestion_v1.0.pro
Hybridize to HaloPlex HS probe and index the samples	Hybridization_v1.0.pro
Close nicks in probe-target hybrids	Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro
Capture and wash enriched DNA	Capture_&_Wash_v1.0.pro
PCR-amplify the libraries	Amplification_v1.0.pro
Purify amplified libraries	Final_Purification_v1.0.pro

2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

Overview of the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment Procedure

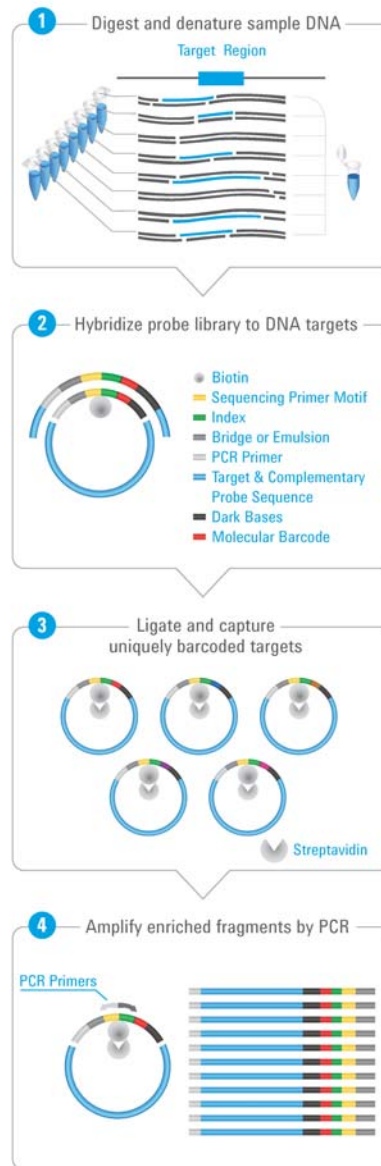


Figure 2 Overall HaloPlex HS target-enriched sequencing sample preparation workflow.

Experimental Setup Considerations for Automated Runs

HaloPlex HS Automated Target Enrichment System runs may include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns (equivalent to 8, 16, 24, 32, 48, or 96 wells) of gDNA samples to be enriched for sequencing on the Ion Torrent platform. Plan your experiments using complete columns of samples.

Table 8 Columns to Samples Equivalency

Number of Columns Processed	Total Number of Samples Processed
1	8
2	16
3	24
4	32
6	48
12	96

The number of columns or samples that may be processed using the supplied reagents (see [page 83](#)) will depend on the experimental design. For greatest efficiency of reagent use, plan experiments using at least 3 columns per run. Each 96-reaction kit contains sufficient reagents for 96 reactions configured as 4 runs of 3 columns of samples per run.

Considerations for Placement of gDNA Samples in 96-well Plates for Automated Processing

- The Agilent NGS Bravo processes samples column-wise beginning at column 1. gDNA samples should be loaded into 96-well plates column-wise, in well order A1 to H1, then A2 to H2, ending with A12 to H12. When processing partial runs with <12 sample columns, do not leave empty columns between sample columns; always load the plate using the left-most column that is available.
- For sample indexing during hybridization to the HaloPlex HS probe (see [Figure 2](#)), you will need to prepare a separate plate containing the HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primers. Assign the wells to be indexed with their respective indexing primers during experimental design. See the [Reference](#) chapter for nucleotide sequences of the 16 indexes used in the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System for Ion Torrent sequencing.

Considerations for Equipment Setup

- Some workflow steps require the rapid transfer of sample plates between the Bravo deck and a thermal cycler. Locate your thermal cycler in close proximity to the Agilent NGS Bravo to allow rapid and efficient plate transfer.
- Some workflow steps require that the sample plate be sealed, then centrifuged to collect any dispersed liquid, before being transferred between instruments. To maximize efficiency, locate the PlateLoc thermal microplate sealer and the centrifuge in close proximity to the NGS Bravo and thermal cycler.

Run Time Considerations

Before you begin, refer to the Certificate of Analysis provided with your kit to determine the hybridization duration appropriate for your design. After reviewing the duration of this and other steps in the protocol, plan the start time for your experiment accordingly.

Designs containing <20,000 probes use a 2-hour hybridization time. For these designs, DNA digestion through PCR protocols (see [Figure 2](#)) are typically run on the same day with the DNA digestion protocol initiated early in the day.

Designs containing >20,000 probes use a 16-hour hybridization time, which is typically completed overnight. Calculate the appropriate start time for the DNA digestion protocol, based on your run size and the run time estimates provided in the HaloPlex HS form in the VWorks software (HaloPlex_HS.VWForm), to allow overnight hybridization.

DNA Sample Quality and Quantity Considerations

DNA Quality

Target enrichment performance is affected by the quality and precise quantity of the input sample DNA.

Before you begin, verify that genomic DNA samples have an OD 260/280 ratio ranging from 1.8 to 2.0. Verify the size distribution of DNA in each DNA preparation by gel electrophoresis. Any smearing below 2.5 kb indicates sample degradation.

This protocol is compatible with FFPE-derived DNA samples but enrichment performance and sequencing results may be impacted, depending on the extent of DNA fragmentation in each FFPE sample.

DNA Quantity

It is important to use a fluorometry-based DNA quantitation method, such as Qubit fluorometry or PicoGreen staining, as directed in the protocol to accurately quantify the DNA starting material.

In the HaloPlex HS protocol, 50 ng of genomic DNA is split among eight different restriction digests, with additional excess DNA included to allow for pipetting losses (for total DNA input amount of 57.6 ng). Using <50 ng DNA in the enrichment protocol can result in low yield and can potentiate rare allele dropouts.

2 Using the Agilent NGS Bravo for HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment

DNA Quantity



3 Sample Preparation

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This section contains instructions for gDNA library target enrichment for sequence analysis using the Ion Torrent PGM platform. For each sample to be sequenced, an individual target-enriched, indexed library is prepared.

The target region can vary from 1 kb to 2.5 Mb. Custom HaloPlex HS probes must be designed before purchasing the kit using Agilent's SureDesign tool at www.agilent.com/genomics/suredesign. HaloPlex designs for the Ion Torrent platform include sequences that hybridize to both strands of target DNA. This results in bidirectional sequencing of the enriched target DNA, providing a single-end sequencing approach that yields coverage similar to paired-end sequencing.

The HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System amplifies thousands of targets in the same reaction, incorporating standard Ion Torrent sequencing motifs in the process. During hybridization, each sample can be uniquely indexed, allowing for pooling of up to 16 samples per sequencing chip. The indexing primers incorporated during hybridization also include degenerate molecular barcode sequences, allowing tracking of individual target amplicons during sequence analysis.



3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

In this step, gDNA samples are digested by 16 different restriction enzymes to create a library of gDNA restriction fragments. The gDNA is digested in eight different restriction reactions, each containing two restriction enzymes. **The 16 restriction enzymes are provided in two 8-well strip tubes that are distinguished by red and green color markers.** Enzymes are combined from corresponding wells of the red- and green-marked strip tubes to make eight different RE Master Mixes, which are then combined with each DNA sample in the run. Fifty (50) ng of genomic DNA is split among the eight double-digestion reactions, with excess DNA added to allow for pipetting losses (see [step 3](#) on [page 35](#)).

Prepare the NGS Bravo

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place red aluminum inserts on Bravo deck positions 4 and 9.
- 3 Turn on the chiller, set to 0°C, at position 9 of the Bravo deck. Be sure that the chiller reservoir contains at least 300 ml of 25% ethanol.
- 4 Place a 384-well adapter insert on Bravo deck position 6.
- 5 Pre-set the temperature of Bravo deck positions 4 and 6 to 4°C using the Inheco Multi TEC control touchscreen, as described in [Setting the Temperature of Bravo Deck Heat Blocks](#).

NOTE

To expedite thermal cycler warm-up for the restriction digest incubation on [page 41](#), you can enter and initiate the digestion program on the thermal cycler now, and then pause the program until you are instructed to transfer the reaction plate. Be sure to pause the thermal cycler before the initiation of the 37°C incubation segment. Release the pause immediately after transferring the plate to the thermal cycler in [step 14](#) on [page 41](#). Be sure that the 384-well block is in the thermal cycler before initiating the program for warm-up.

Prepare the DNA Sample Source Plate

- 1** Use the Qubit dsDNA BR Assay or PicoGreen staining kit to determine the concentration of your gDNA samples.
Follow the manufacturers instructions for the kits and instruments.
- 2** Dilute each gDNA sample to concentration of 1.8 ng/μl in 10 mM Tris buffer (pH 8.5).
- 3** Prepare the DNA sample plate for the run, containing up to 95 gDNA samples and the Enrichment Control DNA sample, using a full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate.

NOTE

HaloPlex HS Automated Target Enrichment System runs may include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns of the plate. Use full columns of DNA samples for each run.

- a** In well A1 of a 96-well twin.tec plate, dispense 32 μl of the supplied Enrichment Control DNA (ECD). Store on ice.
- b** In separate wells of the same 96-well twin.tec plate, dispense 32 μl of each gDNA sample (1.8 ng/μl) to be included in the run.

For automated processing, fill plate wells column-wise in well order A1 to H1, then A2 to H2, ending with A12 to H12. Continue to store on ice.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Prepare the RE Master Mix Source Plate

- 1 Prepare the appropriate amount of RE Buffer +BSA mixture, according to the table below.

Table 1 Preparation of RE Buffer + BSA mixture for Digestion_v1.0.pro protocol

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
RE Buffer	24.5 µl	294 µl	490 µl	686 µl	882 µl	1274 µl	2548 µl
BSA Solution	0.5 µl	6 µl	10 µl	14 µl	18 µl	26 µl	52 µl
Total Volume	25 µl	300 µl	500 µl	700 µl	900 µl	1300 µl	2600 µl

- 2 Obtain the two provided green- and red-marked Enzyme Strips from the HaloPlex HS kit. For each strip, label the color-marked tube with A, then continue labeling the remaining tubes with B through H, in order. Keep the strips on ice.

CAUTION

It is important to use the restriction enzyme tube strips in the proper orientation when preparing the RE Master Mixes as described below. The red or green color marker on the tube strip and cap strip are used to mark well A of each enzyme strip.

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

- 3** In eight individual tubes, prepare the eight Restriction Enzyme Master Mixes A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H according to the table below. To prepare Master Mix A, combine RE Buffer + BSA from [step 1](#) with the indicated volumes of enzyme solution from well A of the Green Enzyme Strip and from well A of the Red Enzyme Strip. Prepare Master Mixes B–H by repeating this process using enzyme solutions from the corresponding wells B–H of each provided Enzyme Strip.

Table 2 Preparation of RE Master Mixes A–H for Digestion_v1.0.pro protocol

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
RE Buffer + BSA	2.8 µl	35.7 µl	59.5 µl	83.3 µl	107.1 µl	154.7 µl	309.4 µl
Green Enzyme Strip enzyme A–H	0.35 µl	4.5 µl	7.4 µl	10.4 µl	13.4 µl	19.3 µl	38.7 µl
Red Enzyme Strip enzyme A–H	0.35 µl	4.5 µl	7.4 µl	10.4 µl	13.4 µl	19.3 µl	38.7 µl
Total Volume for each Master Mix A, B, C, D, E, F, G, or H	3.5 µl	44.7 µl	74.3 µl	104.1 µl	133.9 µl	193.3 µl	386.8 µl

NOTE

For 1-6 column runs, RE master mixes A-H may be prepared in a 8 x 0.2-ml well strip tube, using a multichannel pipette to transfer volumes from Enzyme Strips 1 and 2 to the RE master mix strip. For 12-column runs, prepare the master mixes in 1.5-ml tubes.

- 4** Mix by gentle vortexing and then spin briefly. Keep on ice.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Prepare the RE master mix source plate

- 1 Aliquot the Restriction Enzyme Master Mixes to a full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate as shown in Figure 1. Add the volumes indicated in Table 3 of each master mix A–H to each well of the indicated column of the twin.tec plate. Keep the master mixes on ice during the aliquoting steps.

Table 3 Preparation of the RE Master Mix Source Plate for Digestion_v1.0.pro

Master Mix Solution	Position on Source Plate	Volume of Master Mix added per Well of Source Plate					
		1-Column Runs	2-Column Runs	3-Column Runs	4-Column Runs	6-Column Runs	12-Column Runs
RE Master Mix A	Column 1 (A1-H1)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix B	Column 2 (A2-H2)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix C	Column 3 (A3-H3)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix D	Column 4 (A4-H4)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix E	Column 5 (A5-H5)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix F	Column 6 (A6-H6)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix G	Column 7 (A7-H7)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl
RE Master Mix H	Column 8 (A8-H8)	5.1 µl	8.9 µl	12.6 µl	16.3 µl	23.7 µl	47.9 µl

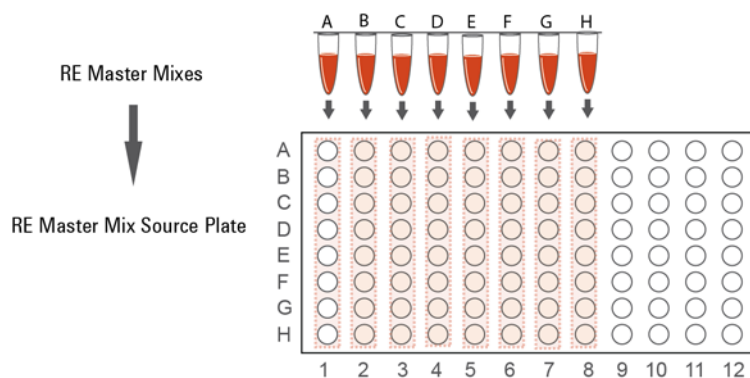


Figure 1 Preparation of the RE Master Mix source plate for automation protocol Digestion_v1.0.pro.

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Load the NGS Bravo and Run the Digestion_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 1 Open the HaloPlex HS setup form using the HaloPlex_HS.VWForm shortcut on your desktop.
- 2 Log in to the VWorks software.
- 3 On the setup form, under **Step**, select **01 Digestion_v1.0.pro**.

Parameters

1) Step 01 Digestion_v1.0.pro

2) Number of columns of samples 6

3) Update layout and information

4) Update current tip state

- 4 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 5 Click **Update layout and information**.
- 6 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 4](#).

Table 4 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Digestion_v1.0.pro

Location	Content
1	—(empty)—
2	New tip box
3	For 12-column runs only: Empty 384-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate (no 384-well insert required) For 1- to 6-column runs: empty
4	gDNA samples in full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate seated on red insert
5	—(empty)—
6	Empty 384-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate seated on 384-well insert
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	RE Master Mix source plate (full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate) seated on red insert

- 7 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** and **Information** regions of the form.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

- 8 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.
- 9 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.

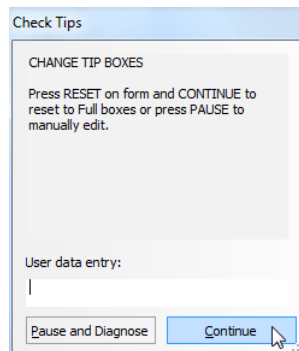


NOTE

If Bravo devices do not respond when you start the run, but activity is recorded in the Log, verify that VWorks is not running in Simulation mode. See [page 26](#) for more information.

- 10 When prompted by VWorks as shown below, replace the tip box at position 2 with a new tip box and replace the used tip box at position 8 with an empty tip box. After both tip boxes are in place, click **Reset** under **Current Tip State** on the form. Verify that the tip state was updated and then click **Continue** on the prompt shown below.

Depending on the run size, you may be prompted to change tip boxes multiple times during the run.

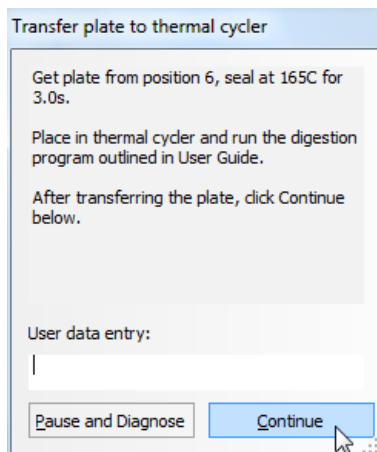


The NGS Bravo combines each gDNA sample with each RE Master Mix in wells of a 384-well reaction plate. For 1- to 6-column runs, a single 384-well restriction digest plate is prepared; for 12 column runs, two 384-well restriction digest plates are prepared.

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

- 11** When the NGS Bravo has finished preparing each 384-well restriction digest plate for the run, you will be prompted by VWorks as shown below.

The final Bravo deck position of the prepared restriction digest plate varies for different run sizes.



- 12** Remove the 384-well plate from the Bravo deck position indicated in the prompt.
- 13** Seal the sample plate using the PlateLoc Thermal Microplate Sealer, with sealing settings of 165°C and 3.0 sec. Spin the plate briefly to release any bubbles trapped in the liquid.
- 14** Transfer the sealed plate to a thermal cycler and run the digestion program shown in [Table 5](#), using a heated lid. After transferring the plate, click **Continue** on the prompt.

Table 5 Thermal cycler program for HaloPlex HS restriction digestion

Step	Temperature	Time
Step 1	37°C	30 minutes
Step 2	4°C	Hold

Preparation of each restriction digest reaction plate takes approximately 30-45 minutes.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

For 12 column-runs, the two 384-well plates are prepared sequentially, for a total run time of approximately 90 minutes. Run the thermal cycler digestion program for each plate as soon as prompted. During the 30-minute incubation of plate 1 in the thermal cycler, the NGS Bravo begins preparation of the digestion reactions in plate 2. Once the thermal cycler program is complete for plate 1, store the digested DNA in plate 1 on ice until the Digestion_v1.0.pro protocol and thermal cycler program for plate 2 is finished.

15 Validate the restriction digestion reaction by electrophoretic analysis of the Enrichment Control DNA (ECD) reactions.

- a** Transfer 4 µl of each ECD digestion reaction from the wells of the 384-well reaction plate indicated in [Table 6](#) to fresh 0.2-ml PCR tubes. Note that for 12-column runs, four of the eight ECD digests are found on the first 384-well plate, and the remaining four digests are on the second 384-well plate.

Table 6 Position of ECD digestion reactions for obtaining validation samples

Restriction Enzyme Master Mix to be Validated	Position of ECD Digestion Reaction in 384-Well Plates	
	1-6 Column Runs	12-Column Runs (two 384-well plates produced)
RE Master Mix A	A1	A1 (plate 1)
RE Master Mix B	A2	A2 (plate 1)
RE Master Mix C	B1	B1 (plate 1)
RE Master Mix D	B2	B2 (plate 1)
RE Master Mix E	A13	A1 (plate 2)
RE Master Mix F	A14	A2 (plate 2)
RE Master Mix G	B13	B1 (plate 2)
RE Master Mix H	B14	B2 (plate 2)

- b** Incubate the removed 4-µl samples at 80°C for 5 minutes to inactivate the restriction enzymes.
- c** Analyze the prepared samples using microfluidic electrophoresis on the 2100 Bioanalyzer (see [page 44](#)) or on an Agilent TapeStation system (see [page 45](#)) or using gel electrophoresis (see [page 46](#)).

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

The ECD sample contains genomic DNA mixed with an 800-bp PCR product that contains restriction sites for all the enzymes used in the digestion protocol. When analyzing validation results, the undigested control should have gDNA bands at >2.5 kbp and a PCR product band at 800 bp. Each of the eight digested ECD samples should have a smear of gDNA restriction fragments between 100 and 2500 bp, overlaid with three predominant bands at approximately 125, 225 and 450 bp. These three bands correspond to the 800-bp PCR product-derived restriction fragments, and precise sizes will differ after digestion in each of the eight RE master mixes.

NOTE

In addition to the three predominant bands at approximately 125, 225 and 450 bp, you may detect additional, minor bands in the digested ECD sample lanes.

Successful digestion is indicated by the appearance of the three predominant bands. The presence of additional minor bands, with relative abundance similar to the additional bands visible in [Figure 2](#), [Figure 3](#) and [Figure 4](#), does not impact enrichment results.

It is acceptable for band intensities in digestion reaction B to be slightly reduced, compared to the other digestion reactions.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Option 1: Validation by 2100 Bioanalyzer analysis

Use a High Sensitivity DNA Kit (p/n 5067-4626) and the 2100 Bioanalyzer system with 2100 Expert Software (version B.02.07 or higher required to run the High Sensitivity Kit). See the reagent kit guide for general Bioanalyzer system setup instructions.

- Prepare an undigested DNA gel control by combining 0.5 μ l of the Enrichment Control DNA stock solution and 3.5 μ l of nuclease-free water.
- Prepare the chip, samples and ladder as instructed in the reagent kit guide, using 1 μ l of each ECD sample and undigested DNA control for the analysis.
- When loading samples on the chip, load the DNA ladder in the ladder sample well marked on the chip. Load the eight ECD digest samples (A to H) in sample wells 1 to 8, and load the undigested ECD sample in sample well 9. Do not run the undigested ECD control in sample well 1.
- Place the prepared chip into the 2100 Bioanalyzer instrument and start the run within five minutes after preparation.

See [Figure 2](#) for sample Bioanalyzer electrophoresis results.

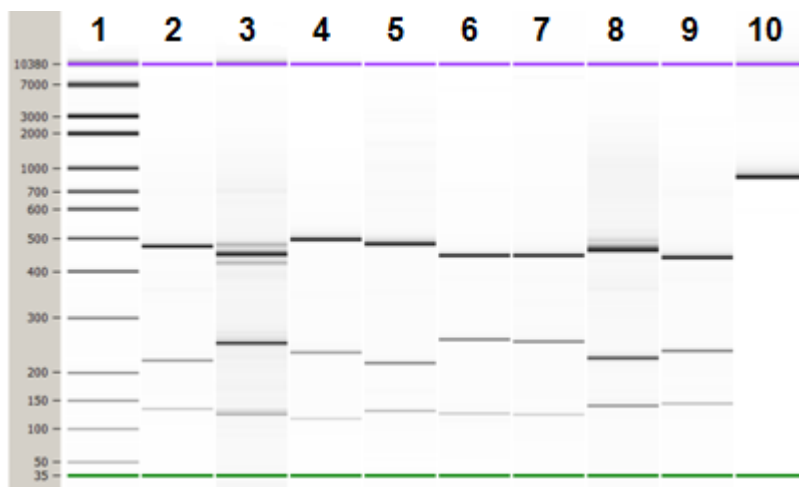


Figure 2 Validation of restriction digestion by 2100 Bioanalyzer system analysis. Lane 1: 50-bp DNA ladder, Lanes 2-9: ECD digestion reactions A–H, Lane 10: Undigested Enrichment Control DNA.

Option 2: Validation by 4200 TapeStation or 2200 TapeStation analysis

Use a High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape and reagent kit. For more information to do this step, see the appropriate TapeStation user manual at www.genomics.agilent.com.

- Prepare an undigested DNA gel control by combining 1 μ l of the Enrichment Control DNA stock solution and 1 μ l of nuclease-free water.
- Prepare the TapeStation samples as instructed in the instrument user manual. Use 2 μ l of each ECD sample diluted with 2 μ l of High Sensitivity D1000 sample buffer in separate wells of a tube strip for the analysis.
- Load the sample tube strip, the High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape, and loading tips into the TapeStation as instructed in the user manual. Start the run.

See [Figure 3](#) for sample TapeStation electrophoresis results.

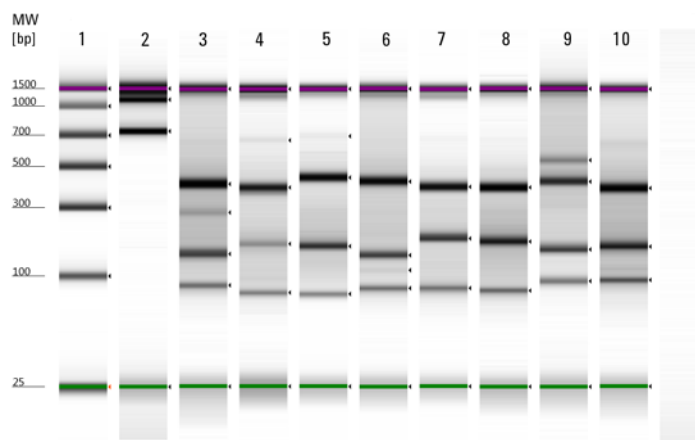


Figure 3 Validation of restriction digestion by 2200 TapeStation analysis. Lane 1: High-Sensitivity Ladder, Lane 2: Undigested Enrichment Control DNA, Lanes 3–10: ECD digestion reactions A–H.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 1. Digest genomic DNA with restriction enzymes

Option 3: Validation by gel electrophoresis

Use a Novex 6% polyacrylamide TBE pre-cast gel and 1X Novex TBE Running Buffer. For more information to do this step, consult the manufacturer's recommendations.

- Prepare an undigested DNA gel control by combining 2 μ l of the Enrichment Control DNA stock solution and 2 μ l of nuclease-free water.
- Add 1 μ l of Novex Hi-Density TBE Sample Buffer (5X) to each 4- μ l ECD sample.
- Load 5 μ l of each sample on the gel. In one or more adjacent lanes, load 200 ng of a 50-bp DNA ladder.
- Run the gel at 210 V for approximately 15 minutes.
- Stain the gel in 3X GelRed Nucleic Acid Stain for 10 minutes, and visualize bands under UV radiation.

See [Figure 4](#) for sample gel results.

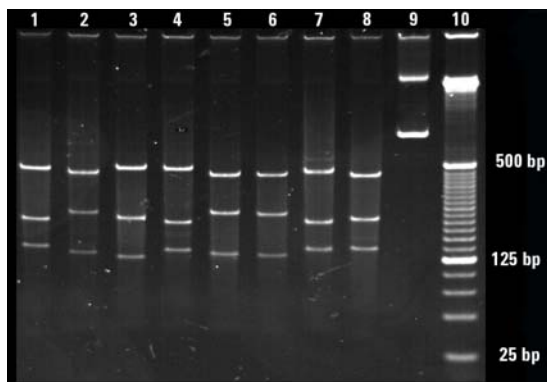


Figure 4 Validation of restriction digestion by gel electrophoresis. Lanes 1–8: ECD digestion reactions A–H, Lane 9: Undigested Enrichment Control DNA, Lane 10: 25-bp DNA ladder.

Stopping Point

If you do not continue to the next step, samples may be stored at -20°C for long term storage. There are no more long-term stopping points until after the PCR amplification step on [page 67](#).

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

In this step, the collection of gDNA restriction fragments is hybridized to the HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probe library. During the hybridization process, molecular barcodes and Ion Torrent sequencing motifs, including sample indexing sequences, are incorporated into the targeted fragments.

HaloPlex HS and ClearSeq HS probes are designed to hybridize selectively to fragments originating from target regions of the genome and to direct circularization of the targeted DNA fragments. The duration of the hybridization reaction is determined by the probe density of your design. Refer to the Certificate of Analysis provided with your kit to determine the hybridization conditions appropriate for your design.

For sample indexing primer assignments, see the [Reference](#) chapter for nucleotide sequences of the 16 indexes used in the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System for Ion Torrent sequencing.

Prepare the NGS Bravo

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place a red insert on Bravo deck position 1.
- 3 Place a silver Nunc plate insert on Bravo deck position 9.
- 4 Turn on the chiller, set to 0°C, at position 9 of the Bravo deck. Be sure that the chiller reservoir contains at least 300 ml of 25% ethanol.
- 5 For all run sizes, place a 384-well adapter insert on Bravo deck position 4. Pre-set the temperature of Bravo deck position 4 to 4°C using the Inheco Multi TEC control touchscreen, as described in [Setting the Temperature of Bravo Deck Heat Blocks](#).

For 12-column runs only, place a second 384-well adapter insert on Bravo deck position 6 and pre-set the temperature of Bravo deck position 6 to 4°C.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

NOTE

To expedite thermal cycler warm-up for the hybridization reaction on [page 51](#), you can enter and initiate the hybridization program on the thermal cycler now, and then pause the program until you are instructed to transfer the reaction plate. Be sure to pause the thermal cycler before the initiation of the 95°C incubation segment. Release the pause immediately after transferring the plate to the thermal cycler in [step 11](#) on [page 51](#). Be sure that the 96-well block is in the thermal cycler before initiating the program for warm-up.

Prepare the Master Mix Source Plate for Hybridization_v1.0.pro

- 1 Prepare the appropriate amount of Hybridization Master Mix, according to the table below.

Mix well by gentle vortexing, then spin the tube briefly.

Table 7 Preparation of Hybridization Master Mix for Hybridization_v1.0.pro

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS Probe	5 µl	63.8 µl	106.3 µl	148.8 µl	191.3 µl	276.3 µl	552.5 µl
Hybridization Solution	34 µl	433.5 µl	722.5 µl	1011.5 µl	1300.5 µl	1878.5 µl	3757.0 µl
Total Volume	39 µl	497.3 µl	828.8 µl	1160.3 µl	1491.8 µl	2154.8 µl	4309.5 µl

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

- 2 In a Nunc DeepWell plate, prepare the Hybridization Master Mix source plate. Add the volumes indicated in [Table 8](#) of the Hybridization Master Mix to all wells of Column 1 of the Nunc DeepWell plate.

Table 8 Preparation of the Master Mix Source Plate for Hybridization_v1.0.pro

Master Mix Solution	Position on Source Plate	Volume of Master Mix added per Well of Nunc DeepWell Source Plate					
		1-Column Runs	2-Column Runs	3-Column Runs	4-Column Runs	6-Column Runs	12-Column Runs
Hybridization Master Mix	Column 1 (A1-H1)	57.3 µl	98.7 µl	140.2 µl	181.6 µl	264.5 µl	533.8 µl

Prepare the Hybridization Reaction Plate with HaloPlex HS Indexing Primers

- 1 In a half-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate, aliquot 5 µl of the appropriate HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primer to each intended sample indexing well position. Keep the plate on ice.

Be sure to add only one specific Indexing Primer to each well, using different indexes for each sample to be multiplexed. Record the identity of the Indexing Primer assigned to each well for later sequence analysis.

NOTE

Components needed to incorporate a unique molecular barcode sequence into each target fragment prior to amplification are included in the HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primer solutions and do not need to be added separately.

- 2 If the run includes an ECD control sample that was analyzed as described on [page 42](#), add 32 µl of nuclease-free water to well A1 of the hybridization reaction plate. (Well A1 should also contain 5 µl of indexing primer from [step 1](#) above.) The 32 µl of water added-back here compensates for the combined volume removed from the eight ECD digest wells during validation.

Load the Agilent NGS Bravo and Run the Hybridization_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 1 On the VWorks HaloPlex HS form, under **Step**, select **02 Hybridization_v1.0.pro**.
- 2 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 3 Click **Update layout and information**.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

4 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 9](#).

Table 9 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Hybridization_v1.0.pro

Location	Content
1	Indexing Primer source plate (half-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate) seated on red insert
2	New tip box
3	—(empty)—
4	Digested DNA in 384-well plate, seated on 384-well insert
5	Empty full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate
6	For 12-column runs only: Digested DNA in 384-well plate (digest plate 2), seated on 384-well insert For 1- to 6-column runs: empty
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	Hybridization Master Mix source plate (Nunc DeepWell plate) seated on silver insert

5 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** and **Information** regions of the form.

6 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.

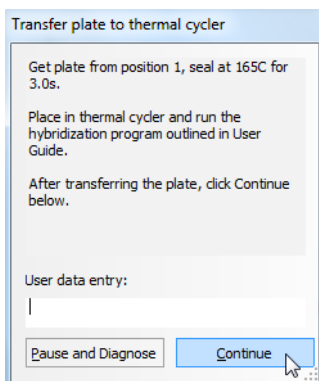
7 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.



The NGS Bravo combines all eight digestion reactions for each gDNA sample with Hybridization Master Mix and the appropriate ION Indexing Primer in wells of a 96-well plate.

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

- 8 When the NGS Bravo has finished preparing the hybridization plate for the run, you will be prompted by VWorks as shown below.



- 9 Seal the sample plate using the PlateLoc Thermal Microplate Sealer, with sealing settings of 165°C and 3.0 sec.
- 10 Spin the plate briefly. The volume of each hybridization reaction is 100 µl.
- 11 Transfer the sealed plate to a thermal cycler and run the appropriate program in [Table 10](#), using the hybridization duration listed on the Certificate of Analysis.

Use a heated lid. Do **not** include a low-temperature hold step in the thermal cycler program. Incubation at 58°C for more than the indicated time is not recommended.

After transferring the plate, click **Continue** on the VWorks prompt to finish the protocol.

Table 10 Thermal cycler program for HaloPlex HS probe hybridization

Step	Temperature	Time (Duration of Step)	
		Designs with <20,000 probes (see Certificate of Analysis)	Designs with >20,000 probes (see Certificate of Analysis)
Step 1	95°C	5 minutes	5 minutes
Step 2	58°C	2 hours	16 hours

3 Sample Preparation

Step 2. Hybridize digested DNA to HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probes

12 At least 30 minutes before the end of the Hybridization incubation, remove reagents to be used in upcoming protocol steps from cold storage and allow the solutions to reach the appropriate temperature:

- From -20°C storage, remove the HS Hybridization Stop Solution, HS Ligation Solution, HS Capture Solution, HS Wash 1 Solution, HS Wash 2 Solution, and HS Elution Buffer to room temperature.

NOTE

Be sure to bring the HS Hybridization Stop Solution to room temperature before use. The high viscosity of this solution impedes accurate pipetting at lower temperatures.

-
- From $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$ storage, remove the Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads and the Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 magnetic beads to room temperature.
 - From -20°C storage, remove the 10 mM rATP, and HS DNA Ligase to ice.

Step 3. Purify then ligate the circularized DNA hybrids

In this step the hybridization buffer is removed using AMPure XP beads and then the circularized hybridization products are treated with DNA Ligase to close nicks in the probe-target DNA hybrids.

Prepare the NGS Bravo

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place a red insert on Bravo deck position 6.
- 3 Place the silver Nunc plate insert on Bravo deck position 9.
- 4 Turn on the chiller, set to 0°C, at position 9 of the Bravo deck. Be sure that the chiller reservoir contains at least 300 ml of 25% ethanol.

Prepare the purification reagents

- 5 Prepare a Thermo Scientific reservoir containing 45 ml of freshly-prepared 70% ethanol.
- 6 Verify that the AMPure XP beads have been kept at room temperature for at least 30 minutes. Mix the room-temperature bead suspension well so that the reagent appears homogeneous and consistent in color.
- 7 Prepare the appropriate amount of AMPure XP beads + HS Hybridization Stop Solution mixture, according to [Table 11](#) below. Mix the combined reagents well on a vortex mixer.

Table 11 Preparation of AMPure XP beads + HS Hybridization Stop Solution mixture

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
AMPure XP beads	0.08 ml	0.68 ml	1.32 ml	1.96 ml	2.64 ml	4.0 ml	8.0 ml
HS Hybridization Stop Solution	0.02 ml	0.17 ml	0.33 ml	0.49 ml	0.66 ml	1.0 ml	2.0 ml
Total Volume	0.1 ml	0.85 ml	1.65ml	2.45 ml	3.3 ml	5 ml	10 ml

NOTE

Pipette the viscous HS Hybridization Stop Solution slowly to ensure that the full volume is aspirated and dispensed. Verify that any residual volume of this solution has been dispensed from the pipette tip.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 3. Purify then ligate the circularized DNA hybrids

- 8 Prepare a Nunc DeepWell source plate containing the AMPure XP bead + HS Hybridization Stop Solution mixture from [Table 11](#). Add 100 µl of the homogeneous bead suspension mixture to all sample wells of the Nunc DeepWell plate.

Prepare the Ligation Master Mix Source Plate

- 1 Prepare a 1 mM rATP solution by diluting the provided 10 mM rATP 1:10 with nuclease-free water.
Prepare the amount of 1 mM rATP needed for your run size, according to [Table 12](#).
- 2 Prepare the appropriate amount of Ligation Master Mix, according to [Table 12](#).
Mix well by gentle vortexing, then spin the tube briefly.

Table 12 Preparation of Ligation Master Mix

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
Nuclease-free water	36.9 µl	470.5µl	784.1 µl	1097.8µl	1411.4 µl	2038.7 µl	4077.5 µl
1 mM rATP (from step 1)	0.6 µl	7.7 µl	12.8 µl	17.9 µl	23.0 µl	33.2 µl	66.3 µl
HS Ligation Solution	10 µl	127.5 µl	212.5 µl	297.5 µl	382.5 µl	552.5 µl	1105 µl
HS DNA Ligase	2.5 µl	31.9 µl	53.1 µl	74.4 µl	95.6 µl	138.1 µl	276.3 µl
Total Volume	50 µl	637.6 µl	1062.5 µl	1487.6 µl	1912.5 µl	2762.5 µl	5525.1 µl

- 3 Using the same Nunc DeepWell plate that was used for the Hybridization_v1.0.pro run, prepare the Master Mix source plate for Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro. Add the volume indicated in [Table 13](#) of Ligation Master Mix to all wells of column 2 of the Nunc DeepWell plate.

Table 13 Preparation of the Master Mix Source Plate for Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro

Master Mix Solution	Position on Source Plate	Volume of Master Mix added per Well of Nunc DeepWell Source Plate					
		1-Column Runs	2-Column Runs	3-Column Runs	4-Column Runs	6-Column Runs	12-Column Runs
Ligation Master Mix	Column 2 (A2-H2)	73.4 µl	126.6 µl	179.7 µl	232.8 µl	339.1 µl	684.4 µl

Load the Agilent NGS Bravo and Run the Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 1 On the VWorks HaloPlex HS form, under **Step**, select **03 Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro**.
- 2 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 3 Click **Update layout and information**.
- 4 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 14](#).

Table 14 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro

Location	Content
1	Empty Axygen 96 Deep Well Plate (square wells) for waste
2	New tip box
3	70% ethanol in Thermo Scientific reservoir
4	—(empty)—
5	AMPure XP beads + HS Hybridization Stop Solution mix in Nunc DeepWell source plate
6	Empty red insert
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	Ligation Master Mix source plate (Nunc DeepWell plate) seated on silver insert

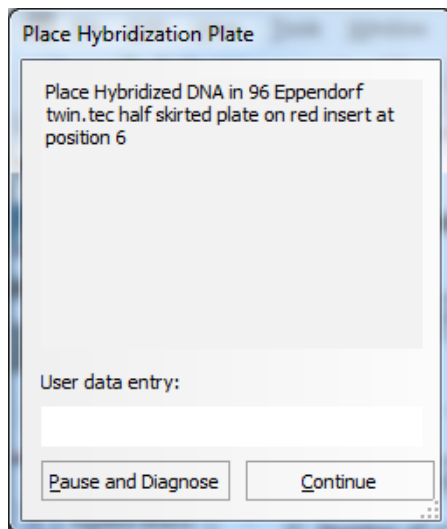
- 5 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** region of the form.
- 6 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.
- 7 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.



3 Sample Preparation

Step 3. Purify then ligate the circularized DNA hybrids

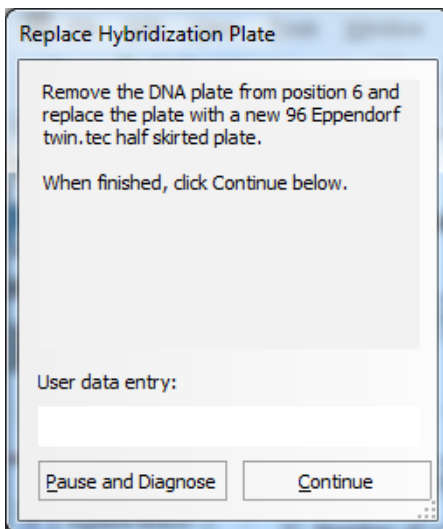
- 8 When prompted by VWorks as shown below, obtain the hybridization plate from the thermal cycler and spin the plate briefly to collect the liquid. Unseal the plate, then place the plate on position 6 of the Bravo deck, seated on the red insert.



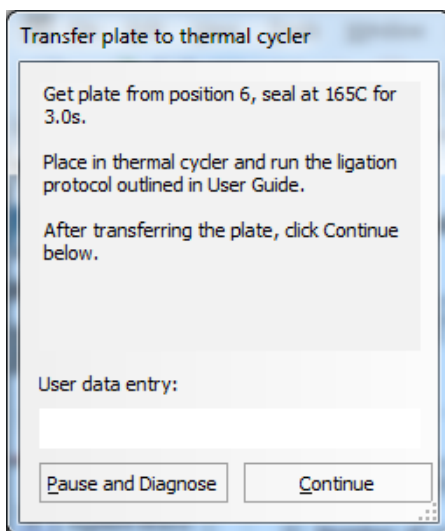
The NGS Bravo completes the liquid-handling steps for purification of the hybridized probe-target DNA.

Step 3. Purify then ligate the circularized DNA hybrids

- 9 When prompted by VWorks as shown below, remove and discard the hybridization plate from position 6 of the Bravo deck. Seat a fresh half-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate on the red insert at position 6 for use in the ligation segment of the protocol.



- 10 The NGS Bravo completes the liquid-handling steps for the ligation reaction. When the ligation plate is prepared, you will be prompted by VWorks as shown below.



3 Sample Preparation

Step 3. Purify then ligate the circularized DNA hybrids

- 11** Get the sample plate from position 6 and seal the plate using the PlateLoc Thermal Microplate Sealer, with sealing settings of 165°C and 3.0 sec.
- 12** Transfer the sealed plate to a thermal cycler and incubate at 55°C for 10 minutes, using a heated lid.
Do **not** include a low-temperature hold step in the thermal cycler program following the 10-minute incubation.
- 13** During the 10-minute incubation, prepare the following components for later protocol steps:
 - Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 magnetic beads (described on [page 59](#))
 - Wash 1 Mix (prepare as described on [page 60](#))

Step 4. Capture and wash the target DNA

In this step, the circularized target DNA-HaloPlex HS probe hybrids, containing biotin, are captured on streptavidin beads.

Prepare the NGS Bravo

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place a red insert on Bravo deck position 6.

Prepare the Streptavidin beads source plate

- 3 Vigorously resuspend the Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 magnetic beads on a vortex mixer. The magnetic beads settle during storage.
- 4 Wash the magnetic beads:
 - a Transfer 40 µl per sample of the Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 magnetic bead suspension to a 1.5-ml tube or conical vial, using volumes provided in [Table 15](#).

Table 15 Volume of Dynabeads MyOne Streptavidin T1 magnetic bead suspension for capture

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
Streptavidin T1 Magnetic Beads	0.04 ml	0.36 ml	0.68 ml	1.0 ml	1.32 ml	1.96 ml	3.92 ml

- b Put the vial into a compatible magnetic device for 5 minutes.
- c After verifying that the solution has cleared, carefully remove and discard the supernatant using a pipette.
- d Add an equivalent volume of HS Capture Solution (see [Table 16](#)) to the beads and resuspend by pipetting up and down.

Table 16 Volume of Capture Solution used for bead resuspension

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
HS Capture Solution	0.04 ml	0.36 ml	0.68 ml	1.0 ml	1.32 ml	1.96 ml	3.92 ml

3 Sample Preparation

Step 4. Capture and wash the target DNA

- 5 Prepare a Nunc DeepWell source plate for the prepared streptavidin magnetic bead suspension. Add 40 μl of the homogeneous bead suspension to all sample wells of the Nunc DeepWell plate.
- 6 Place the streptavidin bead source plate at position 5 of the Bravo deck.

Prepare Wash 1 Mix

- 7 Prepare fresh 1 M NaOH for use in [step 8](#).
Prepare the amount of 1 M NaOH solution shown in [Table 17](#) from a 10 M NaOH stock solution.

CAUTION

Using high-quality NaOH is critical for optimal DNA sample quality.

- Do not use stock NaOH solutions that were stored at concentrations below 10 M to prepare the 1 M NaOH solution.
- Keep the 1 M NaOH solution container sealed when not in use, especially when processing large numbers of samples per run.

Table 17 Amount of 1 M NaOH required per run size

Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
11 μl	99 μl	187 μl	275 μl	363 μl	550 μl	1.1 ml

- 8 Prepare HS Wash 1 + NaOH Mix by combining the reagents in [Table 18](#).

Table 18 Preparation of HS Wash 1 + NaOH Mix

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
HS Wash 1 Solution	99 μl	891 μl	1683 μl	2475 μl	3267 μl	4950 μl	9.9 ml
1 M NaOH (prepared in step 7)	11 μl	99 μl	187 μl	275 μl	363 μl	550 μl	1.1 ml
Total Volume	110 μl	990 μl	1870 μl	2750 μl	3630 μl	5500 μl	11.0 ml

Prepare the wash solution source plates

- 9 Prepare a separate source plate for each of the wash solutions listed in [Table 19](#). Use full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plates to prepare each source plate. For all sample-containing wells of the ligation plate, add the specified volume to all corresponding wells of each wash solution source plate.

Table 19 Preparation of solution source plates for Capture_&_Wash_v1.0.pro protocol

Solution	Volume to dispense per well of source plate
HS Wash 1 + NaOH Mix from step 8	110 μ l
HS Wash 2 Solution	160 μ l

- 10 Prepare a Thermo Scientific reservoir containing 45 ml of nuclease-free water.

Load the NGS Bravo and Run the Capture_&_Wash_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 1 On the VWorks HaloPlex HS form, under **Step**, select **04 Capture_&_Wash_v1.0.pro**.
- 2 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 3 Click **Update layout and information**.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 4. Capture and wash the target DNA

4 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 20](#).

Table 20 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Capture_&_Wash_v1.0.pro

Location	Content
1	Empty Axygen 96 Deep Well Plate (square wells) for waste
2	New tip box
3	HS Wash 1 + NaOH Mix source plate (full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate)
4	HS Wash 2 Solution source plate (full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate)
5	Streptavidin T1 magnetic beads suspended in HS Capture Solution (Nunc DeepWell source plate)
6	Empty red insert
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	Nuclease-free water in Thermo Scientific reservoir

5 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** and **Information** regions of the form.

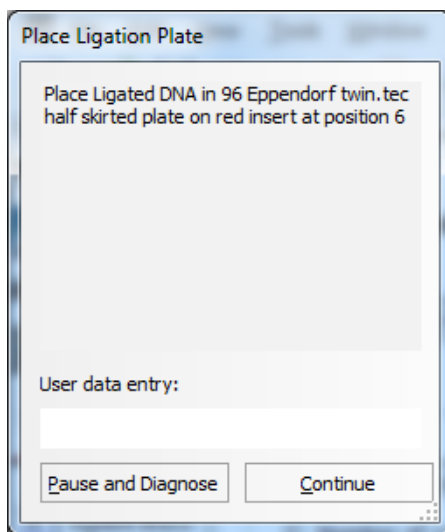
6 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.

7 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.



Step 4. Capture and wash the target DNA

- 8 When prompted by VWorks as shown below, obtain the ligation plate from the thermal cycler. Unseal the plate, then place the plate on position 6 of the Bravo deck, seated on the red insert.



The NGS Bravo completes the liquid-handling steps for capture of the target DNA on the streptavidin beads followed by washing of the captured DNA.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 5. PCR-amplify the captured target library

Step 5. PCR-amplify the captured target library

In this step, the Bravo completes the liquid handling steps to prepare the captured DNA target libraries for PCR amplification.

NOTE

To expedite thermal cycler warm-up for the subsequent PCR program on [page 67](#), you can enter and initiate the PCR program on the thermal cycler now, and then pause the program until you are instructed to transfer the reaction plate. Be sure to pause the thermal cycler before the initiation of the 98°C denaturation segment. Release the pause immediately after transferring the plate to the thermal cycler in [step 15](#).

Prepare the NGS Bravo

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place a red insert on Bravo deck position 6.
- 3 Place the silver Nunc plate insert on Bravo deck position 9.
- 4 Pre-set the temperature of Bravo deck position 6 to 4°C using the Inheco Multi TEC control touchscreen, as described in [Setting the Temperature of Bravo Deck Heat Blocks](#).
- 5 Turn on the chiller, set to 0°C, at position 9 of the Bravo deck. Be sure that the chiller reservoir contains at least 300 ml of 25% ethanol.

Prepare the PCR Master Mix Source Plate for Amplification_v1.0.pro

- 6 Prepare the appropriate amount of PCR Master Mix, according to [Table 21](#) below.

Mix well by gentle vortexing, then spin the tube briefly.

Table 21 Preparation of PCR Master Mix for Amplification_v1.0.pro

Reagent	Volume for 1 Library	Volume for 1 Column	Volume for 2 Columns	Volume for 3 Columns	Volume for 4 Columns	Volume for 6 Columns	Volume for 12 Columns
Nuclease-free water	3.2 µl	40.8 µl	68.0 µl	95.2 µl	122.4 µl	176.8 µl	353.6 µl
Herculase II Reaction Buffer	30 µl	382.5 µl	637.5 µl	892.5 µl	1147.5 µl	1657.5 µl	3315 µl
100 mM dNTP Mix	0.8 µl	10.2 µl	17.0 µl	23.8 µl	30.6 µl	44.2 µl	88.4 µl
Primer 1 ION	4 µl	51.0 µl	85.0 µl	119.0 µl	153.0 µl	221.0 µl	442 µl
Primer 2 ION	8 µl	102 µl	170 µl	238 µl	306 µl	442 µl	884 µl
Herculase II Fusion DNA Polymerase	4 µl	51.0 µl	85.0 µl	119.0 µl	153.0 µl	221.0 µl	442 µl
Total Volume	50 µl	637.5 µl	1062.5 µl	1487.5 µl	1912.5 µl	2762.5 µl	5525 µl

- 7 Using the same Nunc DeepWell plate that was used for the Hyb_Purification_&_Ligation_v1.0.pro run, prepare the Master Mix source plate for Amplification_v1.0.pro. Add the volume indicated in [Table 22](#) of PCR Master Mix to all wells of column 3 of the Nunc DeepWell plate.

Table 22 Preparation of the Master Mix Source Plate for Amplification_v1.0.pro

Master Mix Solution	Position on Source Plate	Volume of Master Mix added per Well of Nunc Deep Well Source Plate					
		1-Column Runs	2-Column Runs	3-Column Runs	4-Column Runs	6-Column Runs	12-Column Runs
PCR Master Mix	Column 3 (A3-H3)	73.4 µl	126.6 µl	179.7 µl	232.8 µl	339.1 µl	684.4 µl

3 Sample Preparation

Step 5. PCR-amplify the captured target library

Load the Agilent NGS Bravo and Run the Amplification_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 8 On the VWorks HaloPlex HS form, under **Step**, select **05 Amplification_v1.0.pro**.
- 9 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 10 Click **Update layout and information**.
- 11 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 23](#).

Table 23 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Amplification_v1.0.pro

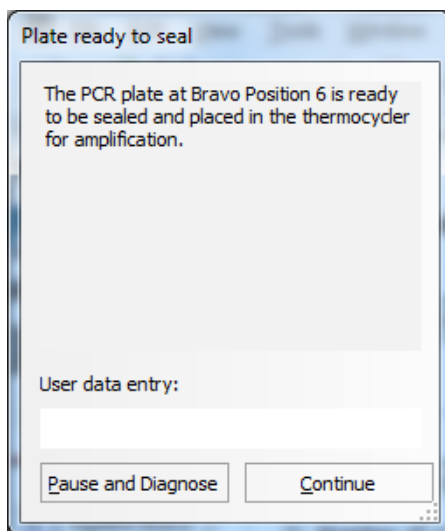
Location	Content
1	—(empty)—
2	New tip box
3	—(empty)—
4	—(empty)—
5	Captured, washed DNA samples in Nunc DeepWell plate
6	Empty half-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate seated on red insert
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	Master Mix source plate (Nunc DeepWell plate) seated on silver insert

- 12 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** and **Information** regions of the form.
- 13 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.
- 14 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.



Step 5. PCR-amplify the captured target library

- 15 When the NGS Bravo has finished preparing the PCR amplification reactions, you will be prompted by VWorks as shown below.



- a Get the sample plate from position 6 and seal the plate using the PlateLoc Thermal Microplate Sealer, with sealing settings of 165°C and 3.0 sec.
- b Transfer the sealed plate to a thermal cycler and run the PCR program in [Table 24](#), using a heated lid.

Table 24 HaloPlex HS post-capture DNA amplification PCR program

Segment	Number of Cycles	Temperature	Time
1	1	98°C	2 minutes
2	Obtain cycle number from Certificate of Analysis	98°C	30 seconds
		60°C	30 seconds
		72°C	1 minute
3	1	72°C	10 minutes
4	1	8°C	Hold

3 Sample Preparation

Step 5. PCR-amplify the captured target library

The optimal amplification cycle number varies for each HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS probe design. Consult the Certificate of Analysis provided with your kit for the PCR cycling recommendation for your probe.

- c** After initiating the PCR program in the thermal cycler, click **Continue** on the VWorks prompt to finish the automation protocol.
- d** If you are continuing to the next step of PCR product purification, remove the Agencourt AMPure XP Beads from +4°C storage for use on [page 69](#). Let the beads come to room temperature for the remainder of the amplification program.

Stopping Point If you do not continue to the next step, PCR products may be stored at -20°C for up to 72 hours or at 8°C overnight. For best results, however, purify PCR products as soon as possible.

Step 6. Purify the amplified target DNA

In this step, the NGS Bravo does the liquid handling steps to purify the amplified target DNA sample using AMPure XP beads.

Prepare the NGS Bravo and reagents

- 1 Gently wipe down the Bravo deck with a DNA Away decontamination wipe.
- 2 Place a red insert on Bravo deck position 6.
- 3 Pre-set the temperature of Bravo deck position 6 to 4°C and position 4 to 45°C using the Inheco Multi TEC control touchscreen, as described in [Setting the Temperature of Bravo Deck Heat Blocks](#).
- 4 Verify that the AMPure XP beads have been held at room temperature for at least 30 minutes.

Do not freeze the AMPure XP beads at any time.

- 5 Mix the room-temperature bead suspension well so that the reagent appears homogeneous and consistent in color.
- 6 Prepare a Nunc DeepWell source plate containing AMPure XP beads mixed with nuclease-free water.
 - a For each well to be processed, add 100 µl of homogeneous AMPure XP beads per well.
 - b Add 40 µl of nuclease-free water to each well of beads in the Nunc DeepWell plate.
- 7 Prepare a Thermo Scientific reservoir containing 45 ml of freshly-prepared 70% ethanol.
- 8 Prepare the elution buffer source plate by placing 45 µl of HS Elution Buffer in each sample well of a full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate.

Load the Agilent NGS Bravo and Run the Final_Purification_v1.0.pro VWorks Protocol

- 1 On the VWorks HaloPlex HS form, under **Step**, select **06 Final_Purification_v1.0.pro**.
- 2 Select the number of columns of samples to be processed. Runs must include 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, or 12 columns.
- 3 Click **Update layout and information**.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 6. Purify the amplified target DNA

4 Load the Bravo deck according to [Table 25](#).

Table 25 Initial Bravo deck configuration for Final_Purification_v1.0.pro

Location	Content
1	Empty Axygen 96 Deep Well Plate (square wells) for waste
2	New tip box
3	HS Elution Buffer in full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate
4	—(empty)—
5	AMPure XP beads + water mixture in Nunc DeepWell source plate
6	Amplified DNA samples in half-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate seated on red insert
7	—(empty)—
8	Empty tip box
9	70% ethanol in Thermo Scientific reservoir

5 Verify that the NGS Bravo has been set up as displayed in the **Bravo Deck Setup** region of the form.

6 Verify that the **Current Tip State** indicator on the form matches the configuration of unused and used tips in the tip boxes at Bravo Deck positions 2 and 8, respectively. See [page 23](#) for more information on using this segment of the form during the run.

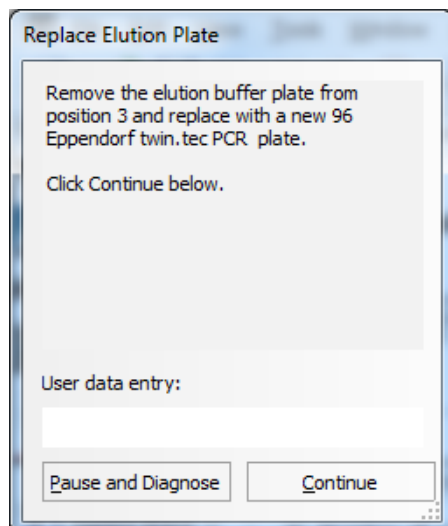
7 When verification is complete, click **Start** to start the run.



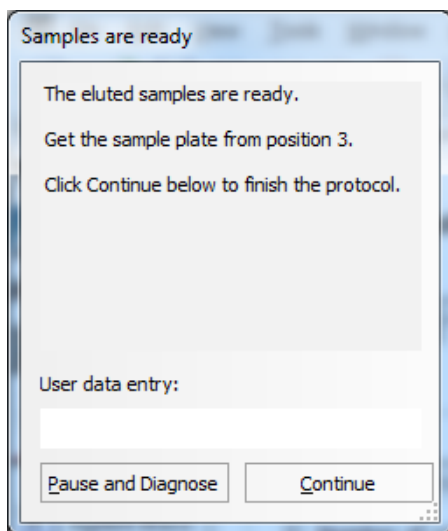
The NGS Bravo completes the liquid-handling steps for purification of the amplified target DNA.

- 8 When prompted by VWorks as shown below, remove and discard the elution buffer source plate from position 3 of the Bravo deck. Place a fresh full-skirted 96-well Eppendorf twin.tec plate on position 3.

When finished, click **Continue** on the VWorks prompt.



- 9 When the NGS Bravo has finished preparing the final eluted sample plate, you will be prompted by VWorks as shown below. Click **Continue** on the VWorks prompt to finish the protocol.



3 Sample Preparation

Step 6. Purify the amplified target DNA

Stopping Point If you do not continue to the next step, samples may be stored at -20°C for long-term storage (up to one year). Avoid subjecting the stored DNA samples to multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Step 7. Validate enrichment and quantify enriched target DNA

Prior to sample pooling and sequencing sample preparation, validate enrichment and quantify the enriched target DNA in each library sample by microfluidic analysis using the 2100 Bioanalyzer (see [page 74](#)) or the 4200 or 2200 TapeStation (see [page 75](#)).

Expected Results

Each amplicon in the prepared library contains one target insert surrounded by sequence motifs required for multiplexed sequencing using the Ion Torrent platform, as shown in [Figure 5](#).



Figure 5 Content of HaloPlex HS-enriched target amplicons. Each amplicon contains one target insert (blue) surrounded by the Ion Torrent sequencing elements (black and yellow), the sample index (green), and the molecular barcode (red).

The amplicons should be approximately 165 to 615 bp in length, with the majority of products sized approximately 200 to 500 bp. Although the DNA fragment size distribution may vary for different DNA samples and different probe designs, use the constant size range of 165 to 615 bp for quantitation of the enriched target DNA in each sample. Any spurious DNA products outside of the 165 to 615 bp size range should be excluded from the target DNA quantitation results.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 7. Validate enrichment and quantify enriched target DNA

Option 1: Analysis using the 2100 Bioanalyzer

Use a Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA Assay kit and the 2100 Bioanalyzer with 2100 Expert Software (version B.02.07 or higher required to run the High Sensitivity Kit). See the reagent kit guide for general Bioanalyzer instrument and assay setup instructions.

- 1 Prepare the chip, samples and ladder as instructed in the reagent kit guide, using 1 μl of enriched library sample for the analysis.
- 2 Load the prepared chip into the 2100 Bioanalyzer and start the run within five minutes after preparation.
- 3 Analyze the electropherogram for each sample using the analysis guidelines on [page 76](#).

See [Figure 6](#) for a sample Bioanalyzer system electropherogram.

NOTE

If the concentration determined by Bioanalyzer analysis is $> 10 \text{ ng}/\mu\text{l}$, repeat the analysis using a 1:10 dilution of the sample. Dilute 1 μl of the sample in 9 μl of 10 mM Tris, 1 mM EDTA and then mix well by vortexing at 2000 rpm on the IKA vortex supplied with the Bioanalyzer before analyzing the diluted sample.

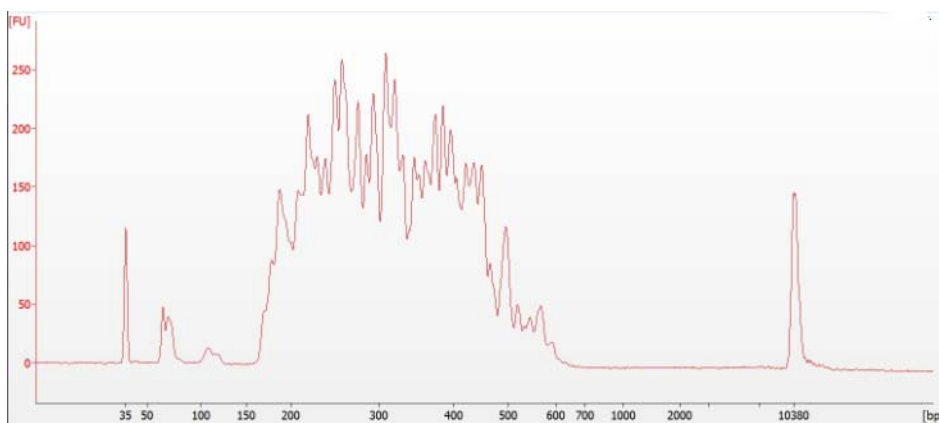


Figure 6 Validation of HaloPlex HS enrichment by 2100 Bioanalyzer analysis.

Option 2: Analysis using the 4200 TapeStation or 2200 TapeStation

Use a High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape and reagent kit. For more information to do this step, see the appropriate TapeStation user manual at www.genomics.agilent.com.

- 1 Prepare the TapeStation samples as instructed in the instrument user manual. Use 2 μ l of each enriched library sample diluted with 2 μ l of High Sensitivity D1000 sample buffer in separate wells of a tube strip for the analysis.

CAUTION

Make sure that you thoroughly mix the combined DNA sample and High Sensitivity D1000 sample buffer on a vortex mixer for 5 seconds for accurate results.

- 2 Load the sample tube strip, the High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape, and loading tips into the TapeStation as instructed in the user manual. Start the run.
- 3 Analyze the electropherogram for each sample using the analysis guidelines on [page 76](#).

See [Figure 7](#) for a sample TapeStation electropherogram.

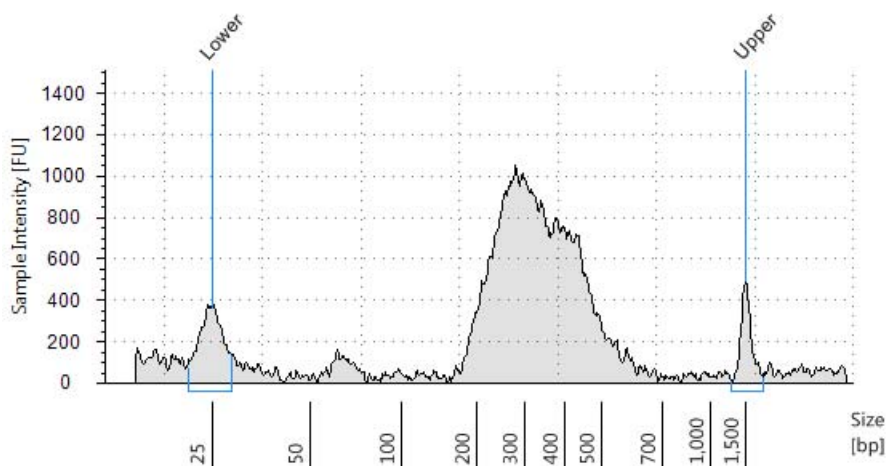


Figure 7 Validation of HaloPlex HS enrichment by 2200 TapeStation analysis.

3 Sample Preparation

Step 7. Validate enrichment and quantify enriched target DNA

Analysis of Electropherogram Results

- Check that the electropherogram shows a peak fragment size between approximately 165 to 615 bp.
- Determine the concentration of enriched target DNA in the sample by integration under the peak between 165 to 615 bp. Peaks at <165 bp may be observed, but should be excluded from quantitation.
- Some designs may generate peaks in the 50–150 bp size range. These peaks are associated with products (including adapter and adapter-dimer) which will cluster and generate sequence that does not map to the genome. If the molar fraction of products sized 50–150 bp is greater than 20%, do another round of AMPure purification after pooling samples. First, pool equimolar amounts of libraries to be multiplexed, using concentrations determined for the 165–650 peak of each sample. Using 40 µl of the pooled libraries, purify the DNA using AMPure XP beads according to the protocol on [page 88](#).

Step 8. Pool samples with different indexes for multiplexed sequencing

Use the following guidelines to design your sample pooling strategy:

- Use the Bioanalyzer- or TapeStation-measured concentration of 165-615 bp products in each sample to pool equimolar amounts of differentially indexed samples in order to optimize the use of sequencing capacity.
- Quantify the final HaloPlex enrichment pool using Bioanalyzer analysis, and dilute the pool to the concentration recommended in the subsequent template preparation protocol.
- Use Ion Torrent sequencing reagents and protocols designed for 200 bp, single-end sequencing.

Ion PGM sequencing run setup and analysis guidelines

Use the following guidelines to set up and analyze the sequencing run on the Ion Personal Genome Machine (Ion PGM) using HaloPlex adapter sequences and HaloPlex sample indexes corresponding to the IonXpress barcodes. Sequencing data is analyzed using Agilent's SureCall software.

NOTE

The instructions in this section are applicable to a workflow that includes analysis using Agilent's SureCall software. If your workflow includes data analysis using another tool, contact Technical Support for assistance.

- 1 Before the first use of the Ion PGM instrument for HaloPlex HS library sequencing, define the HaloPlex-specific 3'-adapter sequence (GCTGAGGATCACCGACTGCCCATAGAGAGGCTGAGAC) as a custom 3'-adapter on the Torrent Server. For instructions on how to define custom 3'-adapters, please refer to Ion PGM documentation. Once defined, this adapter sequence is retained for future runs.

If prompted by the Ion PGM user interface for **3' Adapter** during analysis of the run, select this HaloPlex custom 3' adapter. Otherwise, use of this custom HaloPlex 3'-adapter sequence can be specified during data reanalysis, as detailed on [page 78](#).

- 2 During Ion PGM sequencing run setup, when prompted by the Ion PGM user interface for **Barcode Set**, select **IonXpress**. The HaloPlex ION index sequences in the provided HaloPlex HS Indexing Primers ION correspond to the IonXpress barcodes.

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Step 8. Pool samples with different indexes for multiplexed sequencing

- 3 Prior to final sequence alignment, trim the molecular barcodes from the library amplicons and specify the 3'-end adapter sequence using the Ion PGM **Reanalyze** function as detailed below.
 - a From the *Run Summary* interface, click the **Reanalyze** button.
 - b From the task menu in the left segment of the screen, select **Reanalyze Run**. In the options section in the right segment, locate the *Start reanalysis from* menu and select **Base Calling**.
 - c From the task menu at left, now select **Analysis Options**. In the options section at right, verify that the *3' Adapter* field contains the HaloPlex custom 3' adapter defined in [step 1](#) above and that the *Barcode Set* field contains **IonXpress**.
 - d From the task menu at left, now select **Command Line Args (Advanced)**. Locate the *Basecaller Args* field and add the text **--extra-trim-left 25** to the end of the existing text string, as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'Reanalyze Run' interface. On the left, a task menu is visible with 'Command Line Args (Advanced)' selected and circled in red. The main area displays several configuration fields:

- Beadfind args :** justBeadFind
- Analysis args :** Analysis --from-beadfind --use-alternative-etbR-equation
- Pre Basecaller Args for calibration :** BaseCaller --barcode-filter 0.01 --barcode-filter-minreads 20 --calibration-training=100000 --fi
- Recalibration Args :** calibrate --skipDroop
- Basecaller Args :** BaseCaller --barcode-filter 0.01 --barcode-filter-minreads 20 --extra-trim-left 25

The 'Basecaller Args' field is circled in red, and the text '--extra-trim-left 25' is underlined in red.

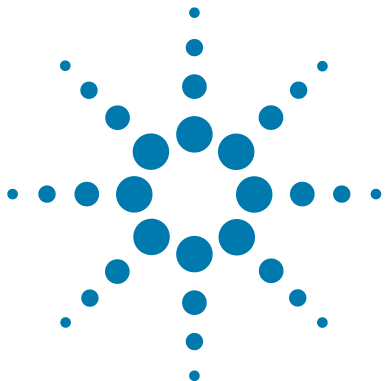
- e When setup steps are complete, click the **Start Analysis** button at the bottom right corner of the screen.

Step 8. Pool samples with different indexes for multiplexed sequencing

- 4 Use Agilent's SureCall NGS data analysis software to analyze the sequencing data. To learn more about this resource and download the SureCall software free of charge, visit www.agilent.com/genomics/surecall. To optimize SureCall performance with Ion PGM sequencing data, follow the recommendations outlined in the Application Note available online at http://www.chem.agilent.com/en-US/Search/Library/_layouts/Agilent/PublicationSummary.aspx?whid=85337&liid=7480.

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Step 8. Pool samples with different indexes for multiplexed sequencing



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Kit Contents

The HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System is supplied using the part numbers listed below:

Table 26 HaloPlex HS and ClearSeq HS Target Enrichment System Kit Part Numbers

Design Type	Reaction Number	HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System-ION* (Store at -20°C)
Custom 1-250 kb (up to 20,000 probes), ION	48 Reactions	5190-7864 OR 5190-7866 [†]
	96 Reactions	5190-7872 OR 5190-7874 [†]
Custom 251 kb-2.5 Mb OR <251 kb with >20,000 probes, ION	48 Reactions	5190-7868 OR 5190-7870 [†]
	96 Reactions	5190-7876 OR 5190-7878 [†]
ClearSeq Cancer HS, ION	96 Reactions	G9934B
ClearSeq AML HS, ION	96 Reactions	G9964B
ClearSeq Cardiomyopathy HS, ION	96 Reactions	G9944B
ClearSeq ICCG HS, ION	48 Reactions	5190-9178
	96 Reactions	5190-9196
ClearSeq Connective Disorder HS, ION	48 Reactions	5190-9172
	96 Reactions	5190-9190
ClearSeq Arrhythmia HS, ION	48 Reactions	5190-9176
	96 Reactions	5190-9194
ClearSeq Noonan Syndrome HS, ION	48 Reactions	5190-9174
	96 Reactions	5190-9192

* See [Table 27](#) for list of included reagents.

† Part number 5190-7864, 5190-7872, 5190-7868, or 5190-7876 is provided for the first order of a specific HaloPlex HS Custom Probe design. Re-order kits, containing previously-purchased Custom Probe designs, include part number 5190-7866, 5190-7874, 5190-7870, or 5190-7878.

The contents of the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment kits are detailed in the table below:

Table 27 HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System Kit Contents

Included Reagents	48 Reaction Kit	96 Reaction Kit
RE Buffer	tube with clear cap	bottle
BSA Solution	tube with clear cap	tube with clear cap
Enzyme Strip 1	8-well strip with green label	8-well strip with green label
Enzyme Strip 2	8-well strip with red label	8-well strip with red label
Enrichment Control DNA	tube with orange cap	tube with orange cap
Hybridization Solution	bottle	bottle
HS Hybridization Stop Solution	tube with clear cap	bottle
HS Ligation Solution	tube with black cap	tube with black cap
HS DNA Ligase	tube with green cap	tube with green cap
10 mM rATP	tube with clear cap	tube with clear cap
HS Wash 1 Solution	bottle	bottle
HS Wash 2 Solution	bottle	bottle
HS Capture Solution	bottle	bottle
HS Elution Buffer	bottle	bottle
Primer 1 ION	tube with yellow cap	tube with yellow cap
Primer 2 ION	tube with blue cap	tube with blue cap
Herculase II Fusion DNA Polymerase	tube with clear cap	tube with clear cap
Herculase II Reaction Buffer	bottle	bottle
100 mM dNTP Mix	tube with clear cap	tube with clear cap
HaloPlex HS or ClearSeq HS Probe	tube with pink cap	tube with pink cap
HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primers	Indexing Primers 1 to 16 in orange 96-well plate*	Indexing Primers 1 to 16 in orange 96-well plate*

* See [Table 28](#) for a plate map.

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Kit Contents

Placement of the HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primers in the orange plate provided with 48- and 96-reaction kits is shown in [Table 28](#). Wells in columns 7 through 12 are empty.

The number shown in each plate well indicates the identity of the 10-nt index portion of the indexing primer in each well. See [Table 29](#) on page 85 for sequences of the corresponding HaloPlex HS ION Indexes.

Plates provided with 96-reactions kits contain enough of each indexing primer solution for two reactions per well.

Table 28 HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primer plate map

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	1	9	1	9	1	9	–	–	–	–	–	–
B	2	10	2	10	2	10	–	–	–	–	–	–
C	3	11	3	11	3	11	–	–	–	–	–	–
D	4	12	4	12	4	12	–	–	–	–	–	–
E	5	13	5	13	5	13	–	–	–	–	–	–
F	6	14	6	14	6	14	–	–	–	–	–	–
G	7	15	7	15	7	15	–	–	–	–	–	–
H	8	16	8	16	8	16	–	–	–	–	–	–

Nucleotide Sequences of HaloPlex ION Indexes

The nucleotide sequence of the 10-nt index portion of each HaloPlex HS ION Indexing Primer is provided in [Table 29](#) below. Sequences of the HaloPlex ION indexes correspond to the IonXpress barcodes supported by the Ion PGM sequencer.

Table 29 HaloPlex HS ION Indexes 1-16

Index Number	Sequence
1	CTAAGGTAAC
2	TAAGGAGAAC
3	AAGAGGATTC
4	TACCAAGATC
5	CAGAAGGAAC
6	CTGCAAGTTC
7	TTCGTGATTC
8	TTCCGATAAC
9	TGAGCGGAAC
10	CTGACCGAAC
11	TCCTCGAATC
12	TAGGTGGTTC
13	TCTAACGGAC
14	TTGGAGTGTC
15	TCTAGAGGTC
16	TCTGGATGAC

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Nucleotide Sequences of HaloPlex ION Indexes



5 Appendix: Provisional Adapter-Dimer Removal Protocol

Purify the enriched library pool using AMPure XP beads 88

This section contains a protocol for purification of the target-enriched library pool to remove nonspecific molecules sized 50–150 bp, including adapters and adapter-dimers. Only do this protocol if electrophoretic analysis of the target-enriched library samples shows one or more peaks at approximately 50–150 bp which represent a molar fraction of >20% of DNA in the sample (see [page 76](#).)



Purify the enriched library pool using AMPure XP beads

In this step, a 40- μ l pool of target-enriched DNA libraries is purified using AMPure XP beads using manual sample processing.

NOTE

This protocol requires a 0.2 ml tube-compatible magnetic separation device, such as the Agencourt SPRIPlate Super Magnet Plate, Agencourt p/n A32782, or equivalent.

- 1 Let the AMPure XP beads come to room temperature for at least 30 minutes.
- 2 Prepare 400 μ l of 70% ethanol per sample, plus excess, for use in [step 10](#).
- 3 Transfer 40 μ l of each target-enriched library pool to a fresh 0.2-ml tube.
- 4 Mix the AMPure XP bead suspension well, until the suspension appears homogeneous and consistent in color.
- 5 For each sample to be purified, prepare a bead mix by combining 40 μ l of nuclease-free water and 100 μ l of the homogeneous AMPure XP bead suspension. Mix well, until the bead mix suspension appears homogeneous.
- 6 Add 140 μ l of the homogeneous bead suspension prepared in [step 5](#) to each 40- μ l DNA sample. Vortex thoroughly.
Using this bead-to-sample volume ratio is imperative to ensure optimal purification results.
- 7 Incubate samples for 5 minutes at room temperature with continuous shaking.
Make sure the samples are properly mixing in the wells during the 5-minute incubation.
- 8 Spin briefly to collect the liquid, then place the tubes in the magnetic separation device. Wait for the solution to clear (approximately 5 minutes).
- 9 Keep the tubes in the magnetic device. Carefully remove and discard the cleared solution from each tube using a 200- μ l pipette set to 180 μ l. Do not touch the beads while removing the solution.
- 10 Continue to keep the tubes in the magnetic device while you add 200 μ l of 70% ethanol into the tubes.
Use fresh 70% ethanol for optimal results.

- 11 Wait for 30 seconds to allow any disturbed beads to settle, then remove the ethanol using a 200- μ l pipette set to 200 μ l.
- 12 Repeat [step 10](#) and [step 11](#) once for a total of two washes.
- 13 Remove any residual ethanol with a 20- μ l volume pipette.
- 14 Air-dry the tubes with open lids at room temperature until the residual ethanol completely evaporates.
Make sure all ethanol has evaporated before continuing.
- 15 Remove tubes from the magnetic device and add 40 μ l of HS Elution Buffer to each sample.

NOTE

Use room-temperature HS Elution Buffer at this step.

-
- 16 Mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down 15 times using a 100- μ l pipette set to 30 μ l.
 - 17 Incubate for 2 minutes at room temperature to allow elution of DNA.
 - 18 Put the tube in the magnetic device and leave for 2 minutes or until the solution is clear.
 - 19 Remove the cleared supernatant (approximately 40 μ l) to a fresh tube.
You can discard the beads at this time.

Stopping Point

If you do not continue to the next step, samples may be stored at -20°C for long-term storage (up to one year). Avoid subjecting the stored DNA samples to multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

In This Book

This guide contains information to run the HaloPlex HS Target Enrichment System automation protocol.

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