

Satisfy requirements for residual solvent analysis

Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 Ultra Inert for <467> and DB-WAX Ultra Inert Capillary GC Columns





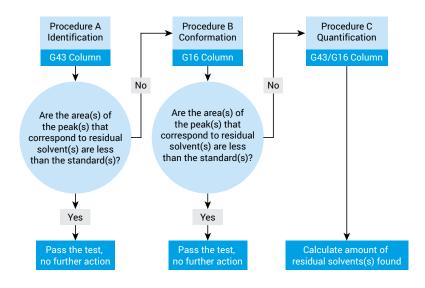
Be confident that residual solvents will not affect the safety, stability, or effectiveness of your products

The manufacturing process of active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) may contribute to residual solvents remaining in the final pharmaceutical product. Producers need to monitor and control the levels of residual solvents for a number of reasons including safety, effect on crystalline form, solubility, bioavailability, and stability. Residual solvents can be classified* as follows:

- Class 1 solvents are considered hazardous, and should be avoided during manufacturing
- Class 2 solvents are considered less severely toxic, and should be limited
- Class 3 solvents pose less risk to human health than class 1 or class 2 solvents

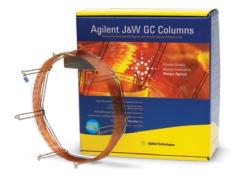
United States Pharmacopeia (USP) Method <467> is the method used worldwide for quality control, and closely follows ICH Q3C guidelines. The method is composed of three analytical procedures for identification and quantification.

- Procedure A: Identification and limit testing; uses a G43 phase (624-type column)
- Procedure B: Confirms whether an identified solvent is above the regulated limits; uses a G16 phase (WAX-type column)
- Procedure C: Quantitative test using a G43 phase or G16 phase, depending on which produced fewer coelutions



USP <467> analytical flowchart for residual solvent analysis.

^{*}Q3C—Tables and List Guidance for Industry, Rev 3, US Department of Health and Human Services, CDER & CBER, FDA, June 2017



Increase performance and productivity for your analysis of residual solvents with Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 Ultra Inert for <467> and DB-WAX Ultra Inert columns

Agilent J&W Ultra Inert columns are engineered for better peak shapes, and are rigorously tested with demanding probes to verify best-in-class inertness. On the following pages, you'll see how these innovative columns delivered outstanding resolution, sensitivity, and repeatability for residual solvent analysis.



USP <467> Procedure A

High repeatability for identification and limit testing



Procedure A is the first step in the identification process. It is performed on a G43 phase (624-type column) to determine whether residual solvents are present at detectable levels.

Single-column GC/FID analysis of residual solvents

In this example, Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 UI columns delivered excellent resolution of the residual solvent peaks. The Agilent 7697A headspace sampler was also a key factor in achieving the lower limits of concentration for these tests. Its inert sample path, thermal zone stability, and flexible EPC-controlled vial sampling all contribute to reliable system performance.

Conditions:

Column: Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 UI for <467>,

 $30 \text{ m} \times 0.32 \text{ mm}, 1.8 \mu\text{m} \text{ (p/n } 123-0334\text{UI)}$

Carrier: Helium, 2.2 mL/min constant flow at 40 °C Oven: 40 °C (20 min), then 10 °C/min to 240 °C (5 min)

MMI, 140 °C, 1 μL split 5:1 Inlet:

Sample vol: 1.0 mL loop

250 °C, H_a 30 mL/min, air 400 mL/min, N₂ constant col + makeup = 30 mL/min

Flow path supplies

Vials: 20 mL Flat bottom crimp cap headspace vials

(100 pk, p/n 5182-0837)

Vial caps: Headspace crimp cap /high performance septa

(100 pk, 5190-3987)

Crimper: 20 mm electronic crimper (p/n 5190-3189)

Transfer line: 0.53 mm deactivated fused silica (5 m, p/n 160-2535-5) Fitting: 1/6 to 1/32 inch reducing fitting (p/n 0100-2594) Non-stick, Bleed and Temperature Optimized Septum:

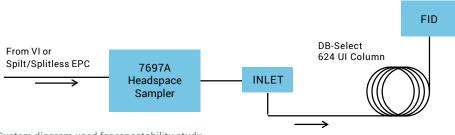
(50 pk, p/n 5183-4757)

Inlet liner: 1 mm straight single taper Ultra Inert liner (p/n 5190-4047) Gold seal: Gold plated inlet seal with washer (10/pk, p/n 5190-2209) 0.5 mm id short 85/15 Vespel/graphite (10 pk, p/n 5062-3514) Ferrules:

Magnifier: 20x Magnifier loop (p/n 430-1020)

Standards

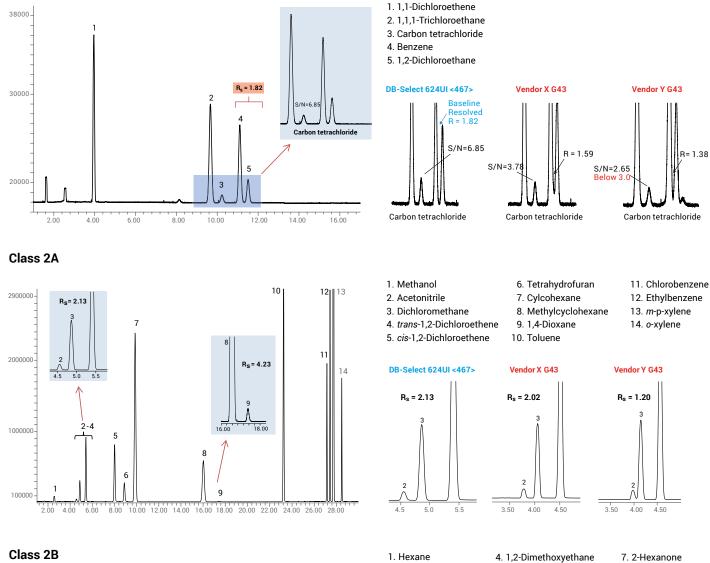
Class 1: USP 467 Class 1 (p/n 5190-0490) Class 2A: USP 467 Class 2A (p/n 5190-0492) Class 2B: USP 467 Class 2B (p/n 5190-0513)

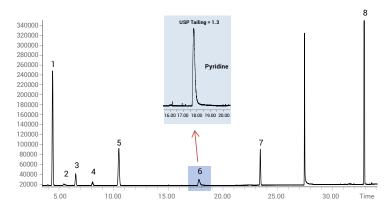


System diagram used for repeatability study.

These chromatograms represent all three solvent classes tested using Procedure A. Excellent peak shape was achieved by combining Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 UI columns with the Agilent 7697A headspace sampler.

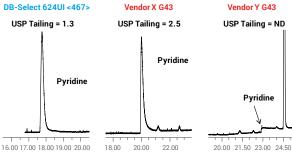
Class 1

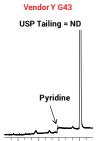




- 2. Nitromethane
- 3. Chloroform
- 5. Trichloroethylene
- 6. Pyridine
- 8. Tetralin







Class 1 (top), class 2A (middle), and class 2B (bottom) solvents at USP <467> limit concentrations.

USP <467> Procedure B

Excellent chromatographic performance for confirmatory testing



Once a residual solvent is identified and determined to be above the percent daily exposure limit, Procedure B is performed to confirm analyte identity.

Single-column GC/FID analysis of residual solvents

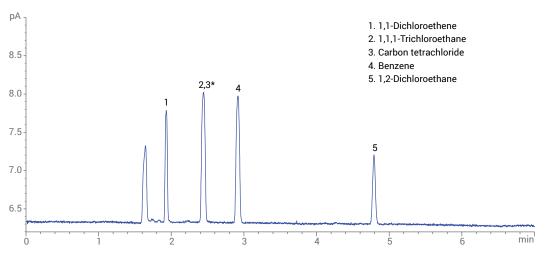
Here, USP <467> procedure B was used to confirm the peak identification of procedure A. An Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI GC column was used as a confirmation column.

Conditions			
GC system:	Agilent 7890B	Oven:	50 °C (hold 20 min) to 165 °C at 6 °C/min
Column:	Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI,		(hold 20 min)
	30 m × 0.32 mm, 0.25 μm (p/n 123-7032UI)	FID:	250 °C
Liner.	Agilent liner, splitless, straight, deactivated,	Headspace:	Agilent 7697A Headspace Sampler
Lillei.	quartz (p/n 5181-8818)	Oven temperature:	80 °C
		Loop temperature:	80 °C
	Equivalent: Agilent Ultra Inert liner, splitless, straight,	Transfer line temperature:	100 °C

1 mm id (p/n 5190-4047)
Equilibration time:
45 min
Inlet:
Split/splitless, 140 °C, split ratio 5:1
Sample loop:
1 mL

The Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI GC column demonstrated good resolution, peak shape, sensitivity, and repeatability for the three classes of residual solvents at method-specified limits.

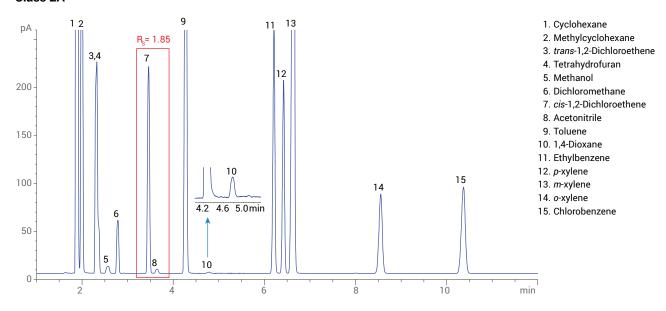
Class 1



Class 1 standard solution resolved on an Agilent J&W DB-WAX Ultra Inert GC column. Carbon tetrachloride coelutes with 1,1,1-trichloroethane with the G16 column, but is separated from all peaks in the class 1 standard with the G43 column.

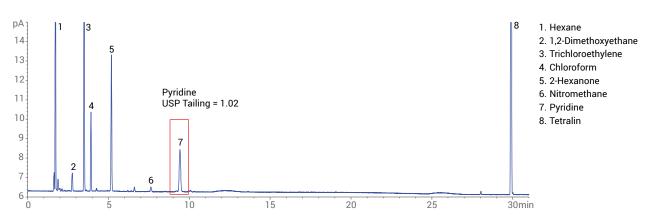
^{*}Carbon tetrachloride coelutes with 1,1,1-trichloroethane with the G16 (DB-WAX UI) column, but is separated from all peaks in the class 1 standard with the G43 column.

Class 2A



Class 2A standard solution resolved on an Agilent J&W DB-WAX Ultra Inert 30 m \times 0.32 mm, 0.25 μ m GC column.

Class 2B



Class 2B standard solution resolved on an Agilent J&W DB-WAX Ultra Inert 30 m \times 0.32 mm, 0.25 μm GC column.

Dual-column GC/FID analysis of residual solvents

With the dual-channel GC/FID configuration, static headspace analysis performed at 85 °C for 40 minutes improved repeatability and reduced analysis time and cycle time. A DB-WAX UI GC column was used as a confirmation column in this system. USP <467> procedures A and B can be accomplished in one run with the dual channel configuration.

Conditions

GC system: Agilent 7890B

Column 1: Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI,

 $30 \text{ m} \times 0.32 \text{ mm}, 0.25 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \text{ (p/n } 123-7032UI)$

Column 2: Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 UI,

 $30~\text{m}\times0.32~\text{mm},\,1.8~\mu\text{m}$ (p/n 123-0334UI)

Liner. Agilent liner, splitless, straight, deactivated, quartz

(p/n 5181-8818)

Equivalent: Agilent Ultra Inert liner, splitless, straight,

1 mm id (p/n 5190-4047)

Tubing: Agilent Ultimate Plus deactivated fused silica

tubing, 0.5 m × 0.32 mm (p/n CP803205)

Carrier gas: Helium, constant flow mode, 15 psi Inlet: Split/splitless, 140 °C, split ratio 2.5:1

Oven: 40 °C (hold 5 min) to 240 °C at 18 °C/min

(hold 2 min)

FID (both channels): 250 °C

Headspace: Agilent 7697A Headspace Sampler

Oven temperature: $85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Loop temperature: $85 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Transfer line tempera- $100 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

ture:

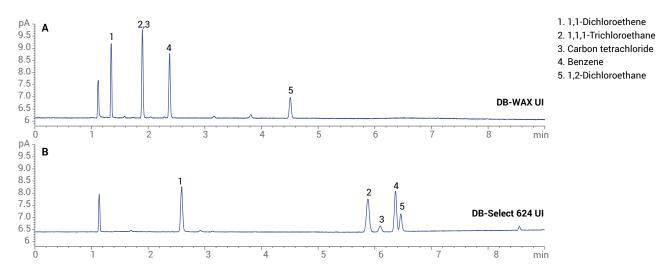
Equilibration time: 40 min

Sample loop: 1 mL

DB-Select 624 UI SSL 30 m \times 0.32 mm, 1.80 μ m (p/n 123-0334UI) Agilent 7697A Heasdspace Splitter Sampler unpurged FID back Ultimate Plus deactivated fused silica tubing 0.5 m × 0.32 mm FID front DB-WAX UI $30 \text{ m} \times 0.32 \text{ mm}, 0.25 \mu\text{m}$ (p/n 123-7032UI)

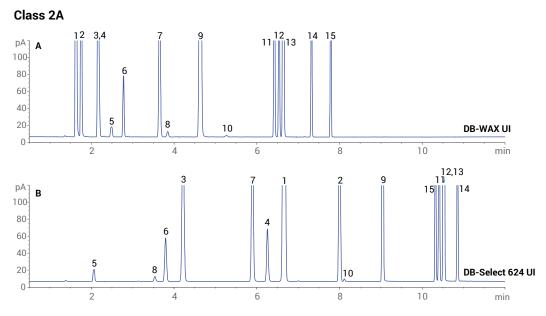
Dual-channel GC/FID System.

Class 1



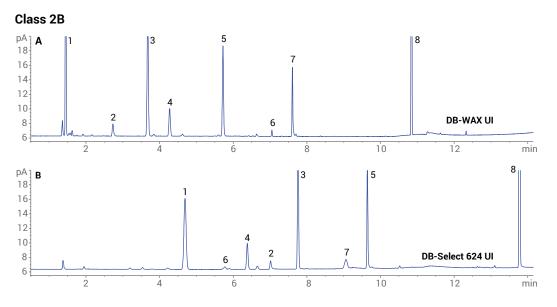
Class 1 standard solution analyzed using an Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI and an Agilent DB-Select 624 UI GC column.

The high inertness of the DB-WAX UI column provided excellent peak shape for residual solvents. For pyridine—a particularly challenging compound—USP tailing was 1.06.



Class 2A standard solution analyzed using an Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI and an Agilent DB-Select 624 UI GC column.

- 1. Cyclohexane
- 2. Methylcyclohexane
- 3. trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
- 4. Tetrahydrofuran
- 5. Methanol
- 6. Dichloromethane
- 7. cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
- 8. Acetonitrile
- 9. Toluene
- 10. 1.4-Dioxane
- 11. Ethylbenzene
- 12. p-xylene
- 13. *m*-xylene
- 14. o-xylene
- 15. Chlorobenzene



 $\label{eq:decomposition} Dual-channel\ GC/FID\ chromatograms\ of\ class\ 2B\ standard\ solution\ using\ an\ Agilent\ J\&W\ DB-WAX\ UI\ and\ an\ Agilent\ DB-Select\ 624\ UI\ GC\ column.$

- 1. Hexane
- 2. 1,2-Dimethoxyethane
- 3. Trichloroethylene
- 4. Chloroform
- 5. 2-Hexanone
- 6. Nitromethane
- 7. Pyridine
- 8. Tetralin

USP <467> Procedure Summary

Proven resolution, peak shape, and sensitivity



Agilent J&W DB-Select 624 UI columns showed excellent performance for residual solvent analysis according to USP <467> procedure A. Repeatability was generally better than 2.5% RSD for Class 1, Class 2A, and Class 2B solvents.

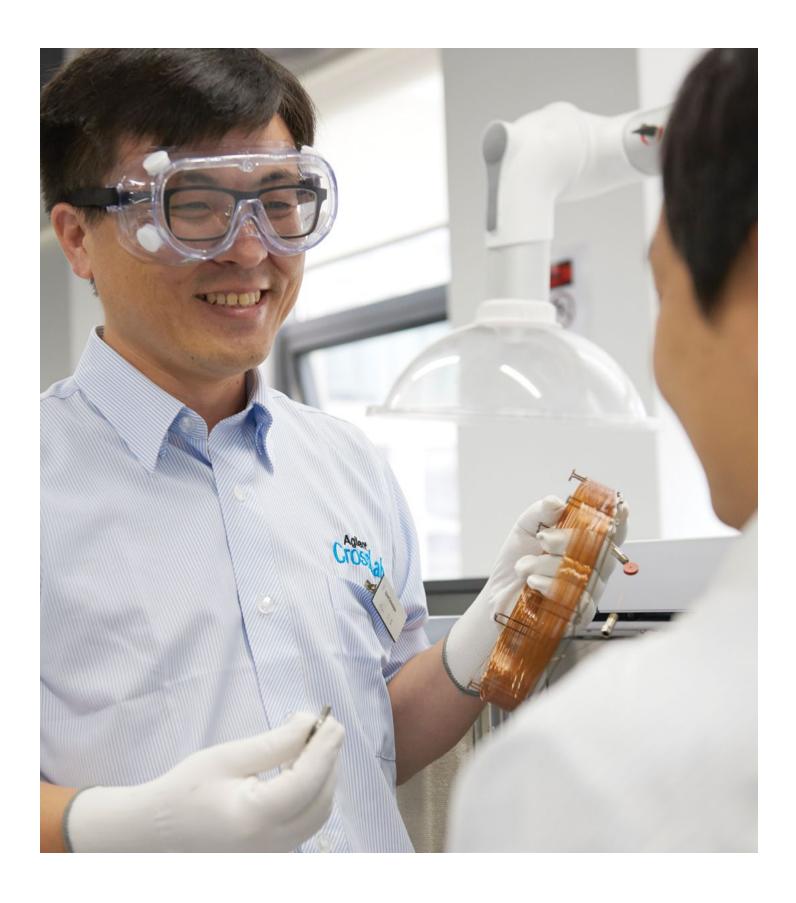
Once a residual solvent was identified above the permitted daily exposure (PDE) limit, procedure B was performed to confirm analyte identity. The Agilent J&W DB-WAX UI GC column was successfully used as a confirmation column, because it yields an alternate selectivity compared to that of a G43 column.

First-class precision, reliability, and ease of use: Agilent 7697A GC Headspace Sampler

With best-in-class technology and powerful software, the Agilent 7697A Headspace Sampler is packed with the latest productivity-boosting features.

- Unique sampling design allows you to use hydrogen as a carrier gas, delivering optimal chromatography and helping to future-proof your lab
- Comprehensive software goes beyond sample handling to guide you through tasks, such as method development and resource conservation
- Method optimization tools facilitate headspace method development
- Electronic pneumatic control, vial leak checking, and barometric pressure compensation ensure consistent results





Residual Solvent Analyzers

Streamline your USP <467> residual solvent detection



Based on the Agilent Intuvo 9000 GC system, Agilent Residual Solvent Analyzers are factory pre-tested and preconfigured to deliver results, *fast*, while saving precious start-up time. What's more, their analytical precision exceeds USP method requirements for the three classes of residual solvents.

Facilitate your QA/QC with these unique advantages

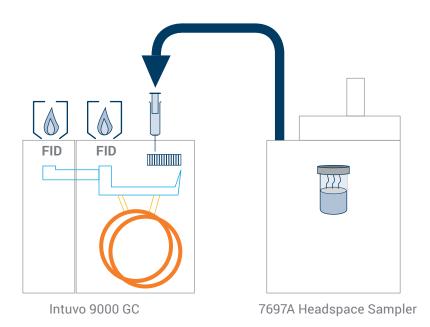
- Pre-configured to meet system suitability requirements for USP <467>, including column, consumables, calibration/checkout samples, and analytical method
- Chemically tested to ensure optimal analysis of Class 1 and Class 2A/B solvents
- Precise temperature and sampling control routines: The Agilent 7697A Headspace Sampler maximizes throughput and minimizes operator error
- Headspace thermal zone stability of ±0.1 °C, inert flowpath, and Capillary Flow Technology provide excellent RSD for Class 1A and 2A/B solvents—while minimizing carryover
- Begin system calibration and validation immediately following installation



Easily quantitate OVI content with Dual-FID Residual Solvent Analyzers

Dual-FID analyzers are ideal for identifying organic contaminants in active ingredients, formulations, and additives. The dual-FID configuration uses dissimilar columns for added confirmation within a single injection.

In addition, an inert sample flowpath and thermal zone stability—combined with the automation capabilities of the Agilent 7697A Headspace Sampler—provide unsurpassed accuracy and repeatability.



Intuvo Residual Solvent Analyzers reflect innovative technology and a stringent quality control process

Systems include:

Factory

- System assembly, performance check, and leak testing
- Application, configuration, and Agilent J&W Ultra Inert columns
- Factory chemical performance verification with application-specific chemical checkout mix

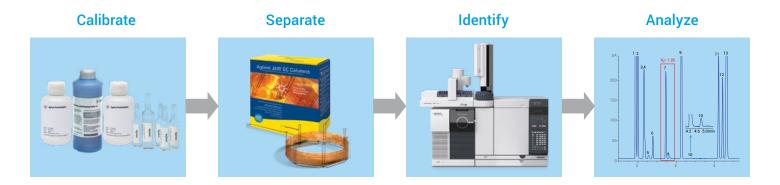
Delivery

- DVD with method parameters and checkout data files for easy out-of-the-box operation
- Instrument and method operational manuals
- Information to help you reorder consumables easily

Installation

- Onsite installation by factory-certified support engineer
- Duplicate factory checkout with application-specific Class 2A checkout sample
- Optional application startup assistance

Achieve USP <467> compliance with the complete Agilent residual solvents workflow



Agilent-engineered GC supplies deliver what your pharmaceutical applications demand



Achieve ultimate deactivation performance with Agilent Ultra Inert Inlet Liners

Agilent's Ultra Inert Inlet Liners prevent adsorption and ensure accurate sample transfer onto the GC column through a robust deactivated surface. These liners are recommended for trace level analysis of active analytes. Liners with inert wool retain non-volatiles, prolonging column life and lowering frequency of MS source maintenance. Visit www.agilent.com/chem/ultra-inert-liners



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Ordering Information

Residual solvent standards

Description	Analytes/Certified Values	Part number
Revised Method <467> Class 1	Benzene: 10.0 mg/mL Carbon tetrachloride: 20.1 mg/mL 1,2-dichloroethane: 25.1 mg/mL 1,1-dichloroethene: 40.2 mg/mL 1,1,1-trichloroethane: 50.2 mg/mL Solvent: Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	5190-0490
Revised Method <467> Class 2B	Chloroform: 301.4 µg/mL 1,2-dimethoxyethane: 501.5 µg/mL N-hexane: 1457 µg/mL 2-hexanone: 251.1 µg/mL Nitromethane: 251.2 µg/mL Pyridine: 1005 µg/mL Tetralin: 502.4 µg/mL Trichloroethene: 401.9 µg/mL Solvent: Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	5190-0491
Revised Method <467> Class 2A	Acetonitrile: 2.06 mg/mL Chlorobenzene: 1.81 mg/mL Cyclohexane: 19.5 mg/mL Cis-1,2-dichloroethene: 4.72 mg/mL Trans-1,2-dichloroethene: 4.72 mg/mL 1,4-dioxane: 1.91 mg/mL Ethylbenzene: 1.85 mg/mL Methanol: 15.1 mg/mL Methylcyclohexane: 5.93 mg/mL Methylcyclohexane: 5.93 mg/mL Tetrahydrofuran: 3.62 mg/mL Toluene: 4.47 mg/mL O-xylene: 0.984 mg/mL M-xylene: 6.53 mg/mL P-xylene: 1.53 mg/mL Solvent: Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	5190-0492
Revised Method <467> Class C	N,N-dimethylacetamide: 5461 µg/mL N,N-dimethylformamide: 4417 µg/mL 2-ethoxyethanol: 801.9 µg/mL Ethylene glycol: 3112 µg/mL Formamide: 1101 µg/mL 2-methoxyethanol: 250.3 µg/mL N-methylpyrrolidone: 2657 µg/mL Sulfolane: 799.9 µg/mL Solvent: Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	5190-0493
Revised Method <467> Class 2B LOW	Chloroform: 60.0 μg/mL 1,2-dimethoxyethane: 100.0 μg/mL N-hexane: 291.0 μg/mL 2-hexanone: 50.0 μg/mL Nitromethane: 50.0 μg/mL Pyridine: 200.5 μg/mL Tetralin: 100.5 μg/mL Trichloroethene: 80.0 μg/mL Solvent: Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	5190-0513

Agilent J&W columns for Residual Solvent Revised Method <467>

Description	Part number
DB-WAX UI, 30 m × 0.32 mm, 0.25 μm	123-7032UI
DB-select 624 UI, 30 m × 0.32 mm, 1.8 μm	123-0334UI
DB-624UI Ultra Inert, 30 m x 0.32 mm, 1.8 μm	123-1334UI

Vials, caps, and septa for Residual Solvent Revised Method <467>

Description	Part number
Headspace vial, crimp, clear, write-on spot, flat bottom, 20 mL, 23 x 75 mm, 100/pk	5190-2288
Headspace caps/septa, crimp, 20 mm, silver aluminum cap, PTFE/silicone septa, 100/pk	5183-4477
Headspace caps/septa crimp, 20 mm, steel magnetic cap, high-temperature septa, 100/pk	5190-3987
Headspace crimp top vial kit, 20 mL, clear, flat bottom, silver aluminum cap, PTFE/silicone septa, 100/pk	8010-0413

Crimpers, decappers, and accessories

Description	Part number
Crimper, electronic with lithium battery, 11 mm	5190-3188
Crimper, electronic with lithium battery, 20 mm	5190-3189
Decapper, electronic with lithium battery, 11 mm	5190-3190
Decapper, electronic with lithium battery, 20 mm	5190-3191
Battery, electronic, replacement for crimper	5190-3192
Crimper, high power electronic, with power supply	5190-4061
Crimper jaw set, high power electronic, 11 mm	5190-4062
Decapper jaw set, high power electronic, 11 mm	5190-4063
Crimper jaw set, high power electronic, 20 mm	5190-4064
Decapper jaw set, high power electronic, 20 mm	5190-4065

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